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#### **ABSTRACT**

This publication provides an overview of the processing of juvenile delinquency cases through the California juvenile justice system; provides information to aid administrators, planners, and researchers in the administration of juvenile justice; and maintains baseline data for further studies of the system. Information on juvenile arrests and referral cases processed in 1983 along with 10-year trend data is also included. "Fallout Charts" and other graphic displays are used extensively to present information on the disposition patterns of referral cases and the characteristics of the offender. Only partial re-referral data is reported for Alameda. Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties. Complete re-referral data is reported for the remaining 54 counties in the state. Major sections included examine arrests, referrals, incarcerations, and caseloads. A data section and an appendix with known data limitations, data collection, and glossary are also offered. The charts listed classify Juvenile Justice Trends, 1983; Juvenile Arrests, 1983; New Referral Dispositions, and Re-Referral Dispositions. Included are 41 charts and 24 data tables. (ABB)

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**JUVENILE JUSTICE IN CALIFORNIA, 1983** 

Prepared by
DIVISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT
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- To collect, analyze, and report statistical data which provide valid measures of crime and the criminal justice process;
- To examine these data on an ongoing basis to better describe crime and the criminal justice system;
- To promote the responsible presentation and use of crime statistics.

## JUVENILE JUSTICE IN CALIFORNIA, 1983

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# JUNEAU FORNA 1983

a message from the Attorney General . . . . . .

This is the second year the Department has published *Juvenile Justice in California*. The publication contains arrest information obtained from law enforcement agencies and information on the processing of delinquency cases through the California probation and court system. Even without the expanded trend analysis planned for next year, there are many noteworthy items, a few of which I found particularly interesting.

Status offense arrests have dropped significantly from 107,898 in 1974 to 22,517 in 1983. The major reason for this drop has been state and federal legislation that encouraged the diversion of status offenders (truants, runaways, incorrigibles, and curfew violators) to resources outside the traditional juvenile justice system.

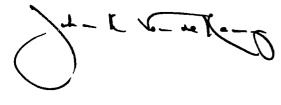
Even more dramatic has been the decline in juvenile arrests for law violations from 300,233 in 1974 to 196,795 in 1983. To a great extent, this decline has resulted from a decrease in the number of 14- to 17-year-old males in the population. These youth account for most of the juvenile arrests for criminal offenses.

The rate of new referrals to probation has decreased 28.3 percent from 1974 to 1983, while wardship declarations and commitments to the Youth Authority have remained fairly stable. These statistics imply that juveniles who commit serious crimes are being made more responsible for their acts because of major revisions in juvenile court law. Also, juvenile probation departments and courts appear to be devoting more of their available resources to dealing with serious offenders.

Data collection improvements implemented in 1980 have resulted in more complete data on juvenile cases under active probation supervision that are re-referred for a new offense. These data show that re-referrals are increasing in number (up 13.7 percent since 1980). This is a strong indication that the juvenile justice system is focusing more resources on active offenders.

In summation, juvenile delinquency in California has decreased considerably since the peak year of 1974; yet it remains a very real problem involving far too many of the state's youth.

JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP Attorney General





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# JUVENILE JUSTICE INTRODUCTION IN CALIFORNIA 1983

This Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS) publication provides an overview of the processing of Juvenile delinquency cases through the California juvenile justice system; provides information to aid administrators, planners, and researchers in the administration of juvenile justice; and maintains baseline data for further studies of the system.

California's juvenile justice process involves the combined efforts of law enforcement agencies, probation departments, district attorneys' offices, the juvenile court, and county and state correctional facilities. Law enforcement agencies are responsible for determining if the case should be settled at the arrest level or referred to juvenile court and probation authorities for further action. The probation department may close the case after investigation, place it on informal supervision caseload, or file an affidavit with the district attorney seeking a juvenile court hearing when the case involves a criminal offense. The district attorney. accepts or rejects the affidavit to file a petition and, if deemed appropriate, submits the petition and handles the case through the court. Juvenile courts adjudicate the petition allegations and

determine the appropriate type of disposition. The probation department files petitions on status offenders and manages local rehabilitation and correctional programs, i.e., probation supervision, correctional camps, and schools. In some situations, delinquents are committed to state correctional facilities (California Youth Authority).

This publication contains information on juvenile arrests and referral cases processed in 1983 and ten-year trend data. "Fallout Charts" and other graphic displays are used extensively to present information on the disposition patterns of referral cases and the characteristics of the offender. Data in the charts and tables may not add to 100.0 percent because of rounding.

At present, 4 counties, Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara, report only partial re-referral data. The remaining 54 counties report complete re-referral data.

This logo, which appears in the report, will alert the reader to featured analyses or items of special interest.

## **HIGHLIGHTS**

#### TRENDS

Rates for juvenile arrests and new referrals during the period 1974-1983 have declined by 41.2 and 28.3 percent, respectively.

Rates for petitions filed on new referrals have declined 14.8 percent over the same ten-year period.

Rates for wardship declarations have increased 5.3 percent during the ten-year period.

#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

During 1983, California law enforcement agencies reported 219,312 juvenile arrests to BCS. These arrests were disposed of as follows:

- 34.5 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 64.3 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

#### **NEW REFERRAL DISFOSITIONS**

During 1983, California probation departments reported 116,893 new referral cases to BCS. These new referrals were disposed of as follows:

- 58.7 percent were not retained in the system: 51.1 were closed at intake and 7.6 were dismissed in juvenile court.
- 40.6 percent were placed on some form of probation supervision: informal (13.1), non-ward (1.8), or formal (25.7).
- .6 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (.4).

#### RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS

During 1983, California probation departments in 54 counties reported 25,756 re-referrals of cases on active probation supervision status. These re-referrals were disposed of as follows:

- 34.4 percent of the re-referrals were either closed at intake (23.5) or dismissed in court (10.9).
- 61.2 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.9), non-ward (.9), or formal (59.4).
- 4.4 percent were either remanded to adult court (.3) or committed to CYA (4.1).

#### INCARCERATIONS

There were 2,231 first commitments to CYA from juvenile court in 1983. There were 7,542 juveniles held in county detention facilities on September 22, 1983.

#### **CASELOAD**

There were 67,236 juvenile cases under supervision by probation departments on December 31, 1983. Their probation status was as follows:

- 10.4 percent were on informal supervision status.
- 1.7 percent were on non-ward supervision status.
- 87.9 percent were on formal supervision status.



The Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS) began compiling juvenile justice data in 1947. The current Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System (JCPSS) began in 1980. For an overview of trends in juvenile justice administration, this section uses ten years of data collected in the arrest reporting system, the prior juvenile probation reporting system, and the current JCPSS. Other Bureau publications use five years of data following a given base year to present detailed trend analyses. This publication will be able to follow that practice when 1985 JCPSS data are presented.

Only data on arrests, new referrals, new referral petition filings, and wardship declarations will be presented since re-referral data were not available in the prior system. Wardship declarations include formal probation, remands to adult court, and CYA commitments. This grouping is used because wardship declarations are somewhat similar to convictions in the adult justice system.

Notable developments affecting the juvenile justice system have occurred in the past ten years. These are:

1. Probation Subsidy Program — From July 1, 1966 through June 30, 1978, state monies were made available to counties to increase the retention of offenders in the community in lieu of commitment to a state institution.

- 2. Federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act - In 1974, federal monies were made available to establish programs that would divert status offenders from the juvenile justice system.
- 3. Marijuana Law Change On January 1, 1976, the Health and Safety Code was changed to stipulate that the possession of not more than one ounce of unconcentrated marijuana was a misdemeanor rather than a felony offense.
- 4. AB 3121 On January 1, 1977, a major revision to the California juvenile court law went into effect through AB 3121. The change encouraged the diversion of status offenders from the system and made those juveniles who commit violent crimes more responsible for their acts.
- 5. County Justice System Subvention Program -Effective July 1978, AB 90 went into effect. The program's broad objectives encompass the development, maintenance, and expansion of a range of local justice programs including services to juvenile law violators and status offenders. The program also provides for increasing the retention of offenders in the community in lieu of commitment to a state institution.
- 6. JCPSS Reporting System In 1980, a new system for collecting data on new referrals and re-referrals in California was initiated by BCS.



## TRENDS / ARRESTS

#### Ten-Year Juvenile Arrest Trends

Rates per 100,000 juvenile population (10–17 years old) are used for comparison purposes in the trend chart.

- The juvenile arrest rate declined 41.2 percent (12,822.0 to 7,534.0) between 1974 and 1983.
- The felony arrest rate declined 42.1 percent (4,226.1 to 2,445.5).
- The misdemeanor arrest rate declined 17.1 percent (5,206.2 to 4,315.0).
- The status offense arrest rate declined 77.2 percent (3,389.8 to 773.5).

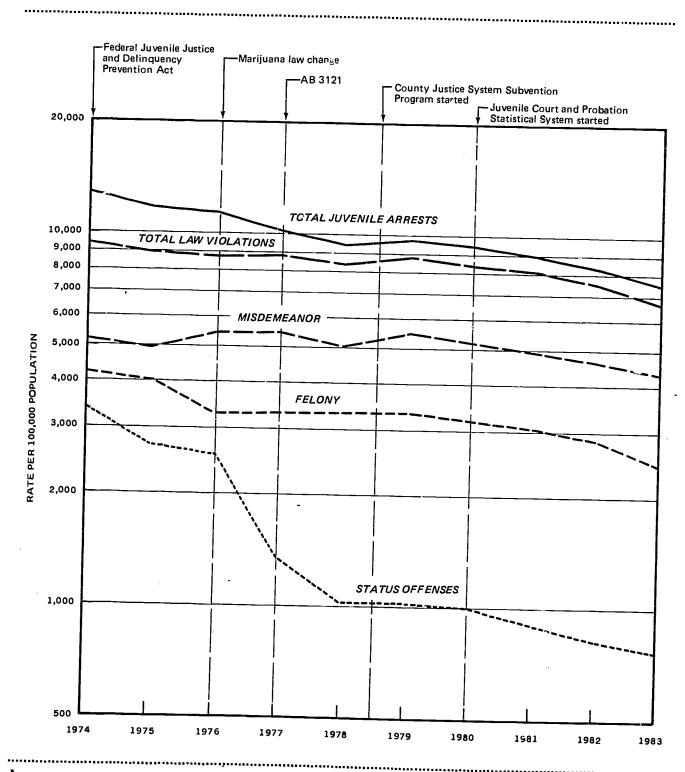


Status offense arrests have experienced the greatest decrease in rate with most of the decrease occurring between 1974 and 1978.





# Chart JUVENILE ARREST TRENDS, 1974—1983 Rate per 100,000 Population<sup>a</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Based on population 10—17 years of age.

Logarithmic Scale.

Source: Table 5.



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# TRENDS / REFERRALS

#### Ten-Year New Referral Trends

Rates per 100,000 juvenile population (10-17 years) are used for comparison purposes in the trend chart.

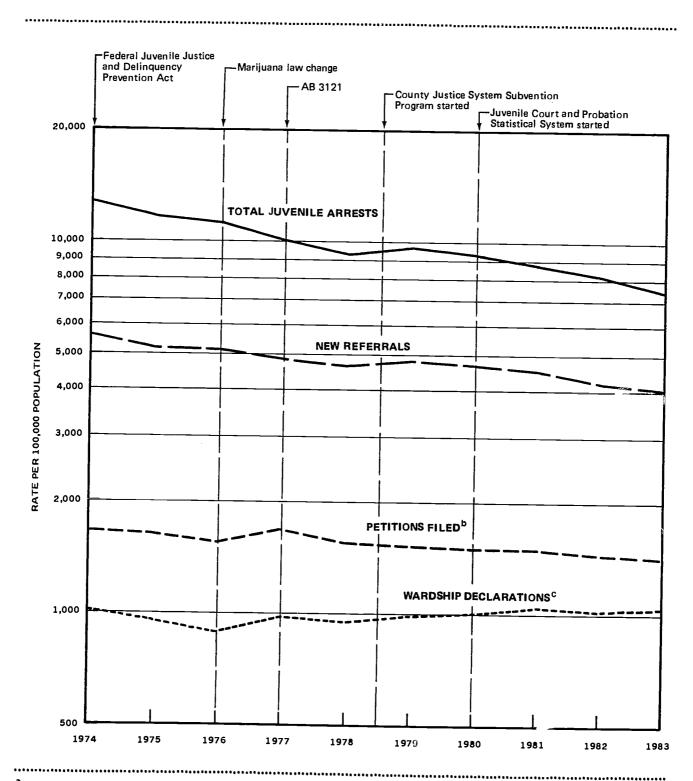
- New referrals in general have gradually decreased since 1974.
- Petitions filed on new referrals reached a peak in 1977 and have declined each year since.
- Wardship declarations have fluctuated within a narrow range over the entire ten-year period.



Wardship declarations have increased over the ten-year period despite an overall decline in arrests and referrals and a reduced juvenile population. A major factor in this trend is AB 3121 (see item 4 on page 7).



13



Based on population 10—17 years of age.

Logarithmic Scale.

Source: Table 6.

bpetitions filed on new referrals only.

c includes formal probation, remands to adult court, and CYA commitments.

# JUVENILE JUSTICE ARRESTS IN CALIFORNIA 1983

This section contains information on 219,312 juvenile arrests reported by law enforcement agencies in 1983.

The first part of the section contains information on the characteristics of juvenile arrests. The second part presents information on the disposition of those arrests. The unit of count is an arrest. Some youths are arrested more than once during a year. Some arrests involve more than one charged offense; only the most serious offense is shown.



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## ARRESTS

#### Juvenile Arrests by Level of Offense

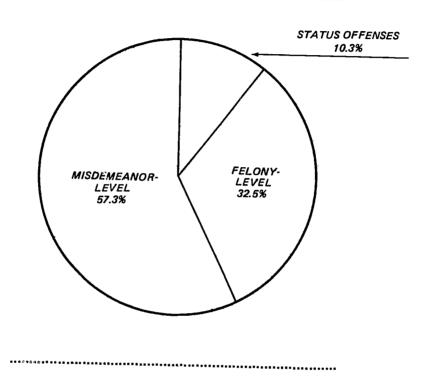
- Slightly more than 3 out of 10 arrests were for felony offenses.
- Slightly less than 6 out of 10 arrests were for misdemeanor offenses.
- Slightly more than 1 out of 10 arrests were for status offenses.



During 1983, there were more arrests for misdemeanors than for felonies and status offenses combined.

# CHART **3**JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 Level of Arrest

......



Source: Table 7.



# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

#### Sex of Arrestees by Level of Offense

- Males accounted for slightly less than 8 out of 10 arrests (79.0 percent).
- Males accounted for slightly less than 9 out of 10 arrests for felony offenses (88.9 percent).
- Males accounted for slightly less than 8 out of 10 arrests for misdemeanor offenses (77.6 percent).
- Males accounted for slightly less than 6 out of 10 arrests for status offenses (55.6 percent).



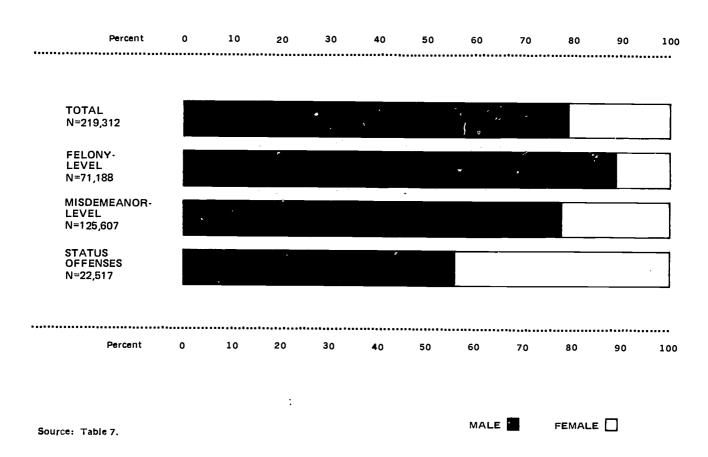
Male arrestees predominate in all arrest categories and their majority increases as the seriousness of the offense increases.





Chart 4
JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

#### Sex of Arrestees by Level of Offense





#### ARRESTS

# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

Sex of Arrestees by Specific Arrest Offense

Of 8 specific felony offenses:

- Males accounted for more than 8 out of 10 arrests for each of the offenses shown (from 81.8 to 99.1 percent).
- Females accounted for nearly 2 out of 10 arrests for drug law violations (18.2 percent).

Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

Males accounted for a considerably greater proportion of the offenses shown (from 66.9 to 89.4 percent). ■ Females accounted for approximately 1 out of 3 arrests for petty theft (33.1 percent).

Of the 4 status offenses:

- Males accounted for approximately 7 out of 10 arrests for curfew violation (72.1 percent), and exactly 7 out of 10 arrests for truancy (70.0 percent).
- Females accounted for 6 out of 10 arrests for runaway (60.0 percent), and nearly 5 out of 10 arrests for incorrigible offenses (49.3 percent).

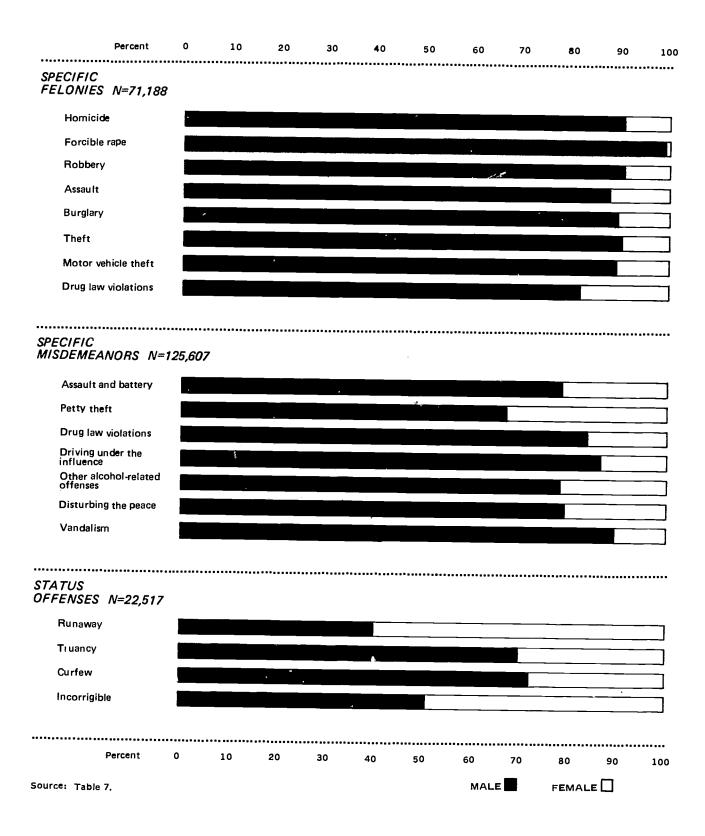


Male arrestees predominate in the most serious offense categories. Female arrestees predominate only in the status offense of runaway.



# Chart **5**JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

Sex of Arrestees by Specific Arrest Offense





# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

#### Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestees by Level of Offense

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for more arrests (54.1 percent) than all other groups combined.
- Hispanics accounted for approximately 1 out of 4 arrests at the felony and misdemeanor levels (26.4 and 25.4 percent, respectively), and slightly over 1 out of 5 status offense arrests (21.1 percent).
- Blacks accounted for approximately 1 out of 4 arrests for felony offenses (24.7 percent) and slightly more than 1 out of 10 arrests for the other two levels of offense (13.7 percent for misdemeanors and 10.8 percent for status offenses).



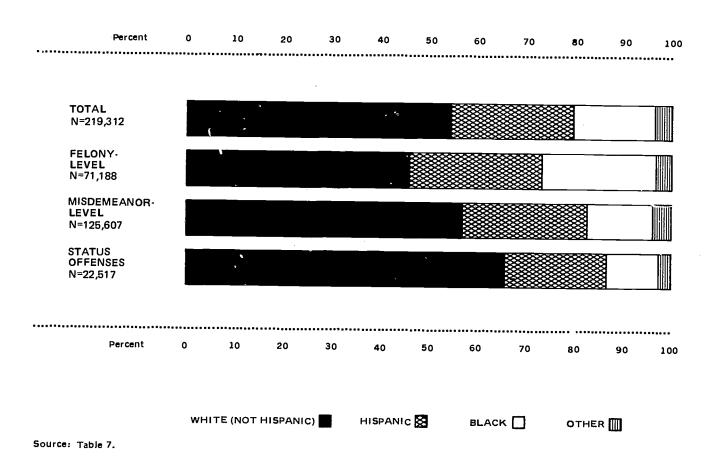
As the seriousness of offense increases, the proportion of black and Hispanic arrestees increases.





Chart **5**JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestees by Level of Offense





#### ARRESTS

# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

#### Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestees by Specific Offense

#### Of 8 specific felony offenses:

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for burglary (50.3); drug law violations (48.8); theft (47.6); motor vehicle theft (44.7); and assault (37.2).
- Hispanics accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for homicide (43.4).
- Blacks accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for robbery (56.0), and forcible rape (41.7).

#### Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for each of the misdemeanors shown (from 47.4 to 68.0).
- Hispanics accounted for percentages of arrests from 21.4 to 36.5 for each of the 7 misdemeanors.

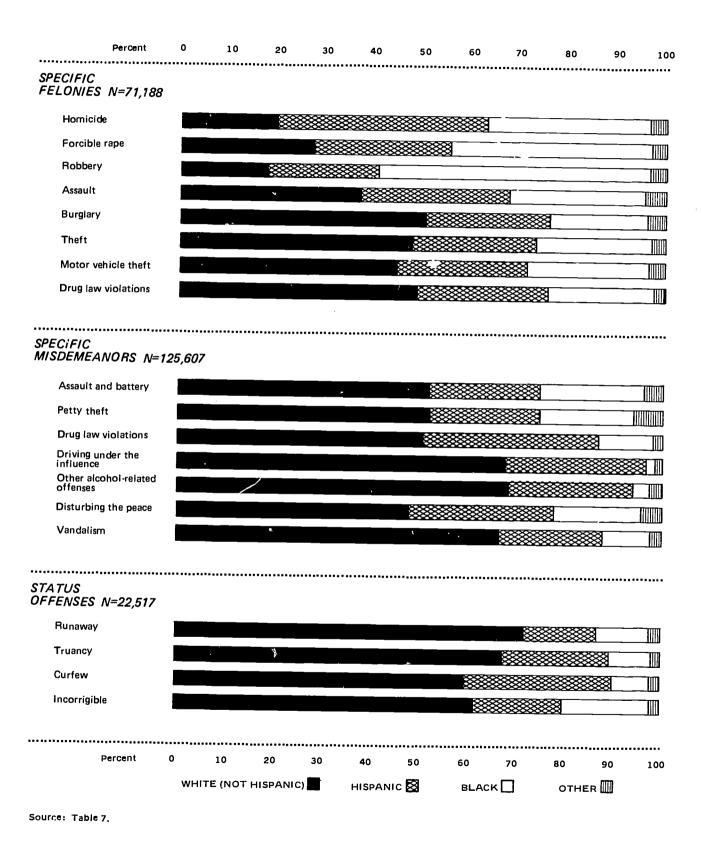
#### Of the 4 status offenses:

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for a greater percentage of arrests for each of the status offenses shown than all other groups combined (from 59.4 to 71.4).
- Hispanics accounted for slightly less than 1 out of 3 arrests for curfew violation (30.7 percent).
- Hispanics and blacks each accounted for almost 1 out of 5 arrests for incorrigible offenses (18.3 and 18.1 percent, respectively).



# Chart **7**JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

### Race/Ethnic Group of Arrestees by Specific Offense





# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

#### Age of Arrestees by Level of Offense

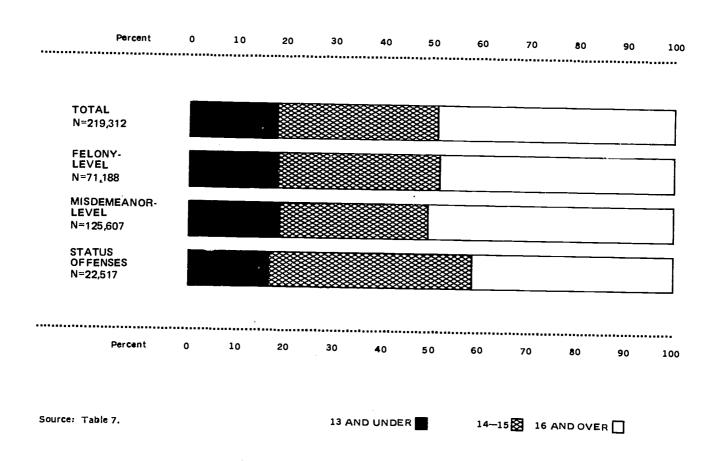
- The 16 and over age group accounted for nearly one-half of the arrests (49.1 percent) and for the largest percentage of arrests at the felony and misdemeanor levels.
- The 14—15 age group accounted for the largest percentage of status offense arrests (42.2).
- The 13 and under age group accounted for less than 2 out of 10 arrests at each offense level.







## Chart 8 **JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983** Age of Arrestees by Level of Offense





#### **ARRESTS**

# CHARACTERISTICS OF JUVENILE ARRESTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES, 1983

#### Age of Arrestees by Specific Offense

#### Of 8 specific felony offenses:

- The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for each of the felony offenses shown (from 41.2 to 72.4).
- The 14—15 age group accounted for the next largest percentage of arrests for each of the felony offenses shown (from 25.5 to 36.1).
- The 13 and under age group accounted for slightly less than 1 out of 4 arrests for burglary (23.3 percent).

#### Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

- The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for 5 of the 7 misdemeanor offenses shown (from 33.5 to 94.5).
- The 14—15 age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for petty theft (34.5),

- and for approximately 1 out of 3 arrests for assault and battery (33.8 percent), drug law violations (32.0 percent), disturbing the peace (35.6 percent), and vandalism (29.8 percent).
- The 13 and under age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for vandalism (36.7), and slightly less than 1 out of 3 arrests for petty theft (31.4 percent).

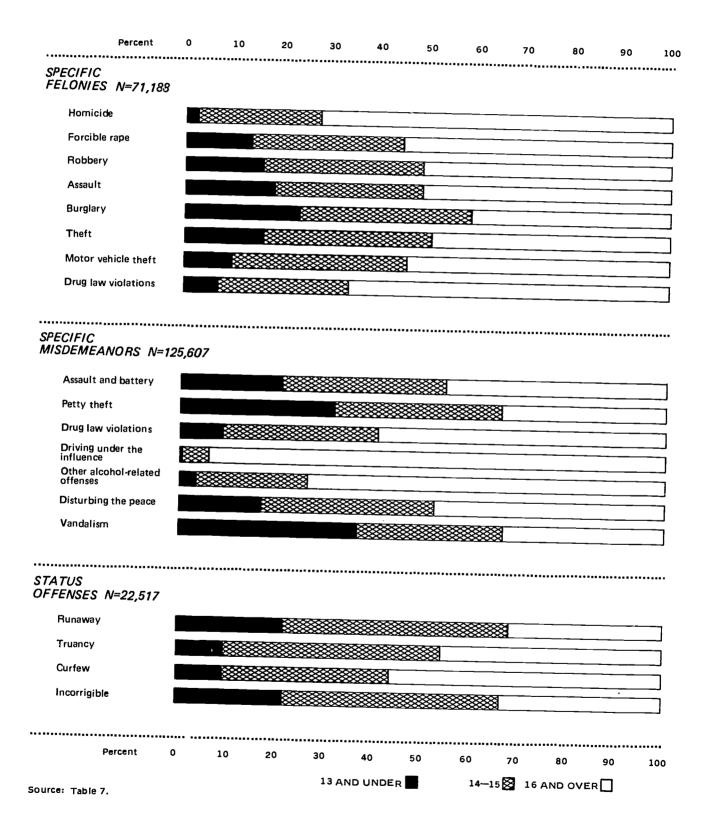
#### Of the 4 status offenses:

- The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for curfew offenses (56.4), and truancy (45.9).
- The 14—15 age group accounted for the largest percentage of arrests for runaway (46.4) and incorrigible offenses (44.5).
- The 13 and under age group accounted for more than 1 out of 5 arrests for incorrigible offenses (21,8 percent), and runaway (21.7 percent).





# Chart S JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 Age of Arrestees by Specific Offense





#### **ARRESTS**

#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

The following pages present information on the disposition of 219,312 juvenile arrests reported by law enforcement agencies in 1983. The law enforcement agency disposition of a juvenile arrest is affected by a number of variables, including investigation findings on the circumstances of the minor and the facts surrounding the alleged offense; prior arrest record; seriousness of the offense; determined need for admonishment; recourse to other authority; and other factors as determined by the individual case.

Three methods are available to law enforcement agencies in the disposition of a juvenile arrest:

- Juvenile arrests may be handled within the department either by reprimand and release to the juvenile's parents or guardian, departmental diversion program, or by dismissal.
- Juvenile arrests may be turned over to another agency when the youth is transferred to another law enforcement agency for final disposition.
- Juvenile arrests are generally referred to county probation departments for further processing. Some are handled at the probation level and others are sent to juvenile and criminal courts for final disposition of the arrest.



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#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

Law Enforcement Agency Disposition of Juvenile Arrests

- 34.5 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 64.3 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.



Almost 2 out of every 3 juvenile arrests result in referral to the probation department for further action.



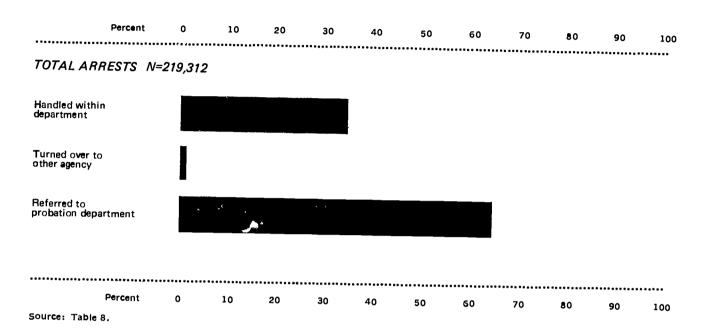




## Chart 10

# LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

#### **Total Arrests**





## ARRESTS

#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

Law Enforcement Agency Disposition by Level of Offense

Of all felony arrest dispositions:

- 20.9 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 77.9 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of all misdemeanor arrest dispositions:

■ 37.7 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.

- 1.0 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 61.4 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of all status offense arrest dispositions:

- 59.9 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 2.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 37.9 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

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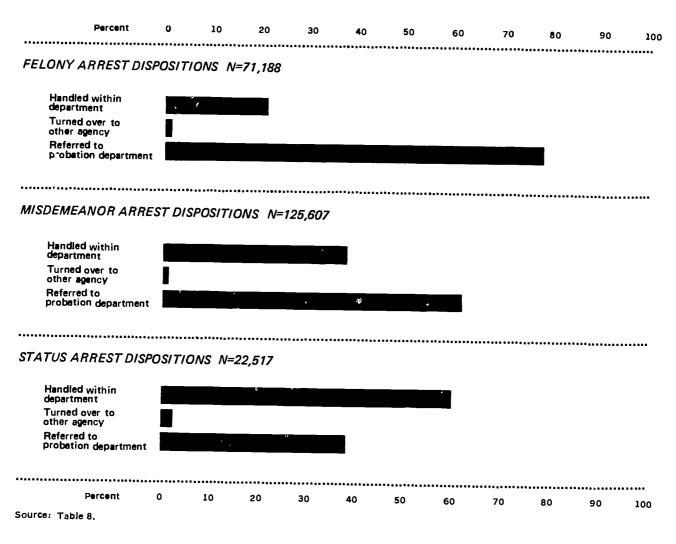
The less serious offenses are usually handled within the department by the law enforcement agency. As the seriousness of the offense increases, the cases are more likely to be referred to the probation department.



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# Chart 11 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 By Level of Offense





#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

Law Enforcement Agency Disposition by Sex

Of all juvenile arrests involving males:

- 32.5 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 66.3 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of all juvenile arrests involving females:

- 42.0 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.2 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 56.8 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.



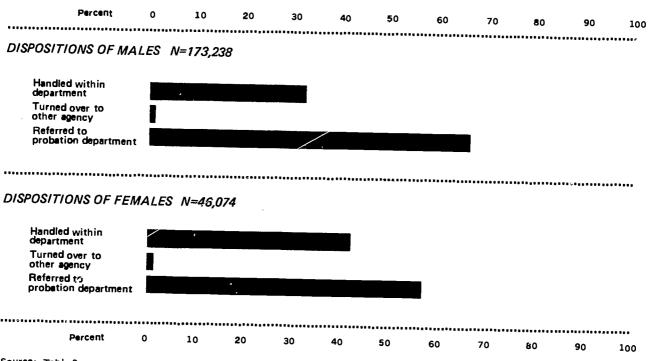
Female arrestees are more likely than male arrestees to be handled within the department by the law enforcement agency because their arrest offense is usually at a less serious level (see Charts 4 and 5).





# **Chart 12**

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 By Sex



Source: Table 9.



#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

Law Enforcement Agency Disposition by Race/Ethnic Group

Of those juveniles categorized as white (not Hispanic):

- 38.3 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.1 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 60.6 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of those juveniles categorized as Hispanic:

■ 31.5 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.

- 1.4 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 67.1 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of those juveniles categorized as black:

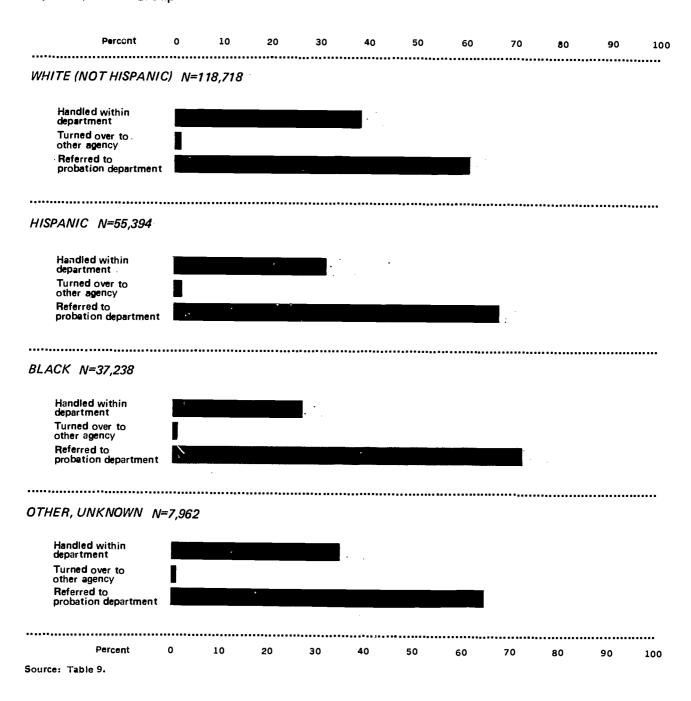
- 26.9 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.0 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 72.0 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.



White (not Hispanic) juvenile arrestees tend to be handled within the department more often than those arrestees of other race/ethnic groups. This may be influenced by the variation in the arrest offense level among the race/ethnic groups (see Chart 7).

## LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

#### By Race/Ethnic Group





## **ARRESTS**

#### ARREST DISPOSITIONS

#### Law Enforcement Agency Disposition by Age

Of those juveniles 13 and under:

- 43.8 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- .8 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 55.4 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of those juveniles 14-15:

■ 35.7 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.

- 1.1 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 63.2 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.

Of those juveniles 16 and over:

- 30.3 percent were handled within the law enforcement agency.
- 1.4 percent were turned over to other agencies.
- 68.3 percent were referred to probation departments for further processing.



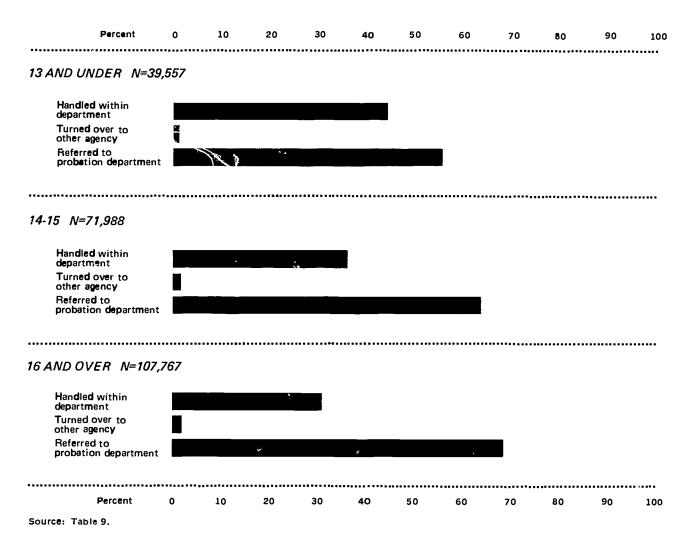
The younger the age group, the more likely the cases are to be handled within the department.





## LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DISPOSITION OF JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983

#### By Age





# PEFERRALS IN CALIFORNIA 1983

#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

This section contains information on 116,893 new referral cases from all 58 county probation departments in California.

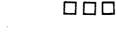
If a juvenile is not under the supervision of the probation department at the time of referral, the case is termed a new referral. This does not imply that the juvenile has not previously been referred or supervised, but only that the youth is not on caseload at the time of referral.

If a juvenile has committed multiple offenses prior to the time of referral, those offenses may be handled with one disposition and counted as one referral case. The case is the unit of count. Some juveniles have more than one case during the year.

Arrest and referral data are collected from two separate sources. Law enforcement agencies report arrests and probation departments report referrals and re-referrals. Generally, system and unit of count differences will cause arrests to be higher than referrals from law enforcement.

The first part of this section contains information on the source and characteristics of juveniles referred in 1983.

The second part of this section presents information on the disposition of new referral cases. "Fallout Charts" are used extensively to display the disposition options exercised by probation departments and juvenile courts.





NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

Source of New Referral Cases to Probation Department

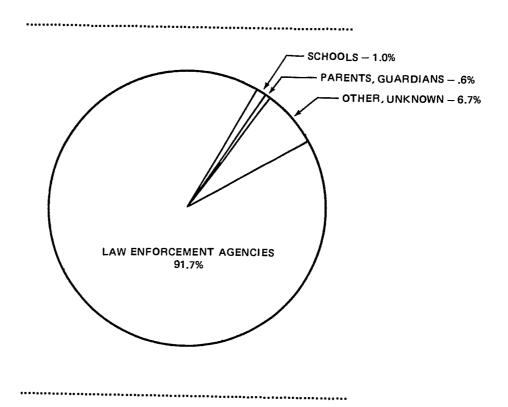
- More than 9 out of 10 new referrals were referred by law enforcement agencies.
- Schools, parents, and guardians referred only
   1.6 percent of the referrals.





## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Source of New Referral Cases





#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

#### Sex of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense

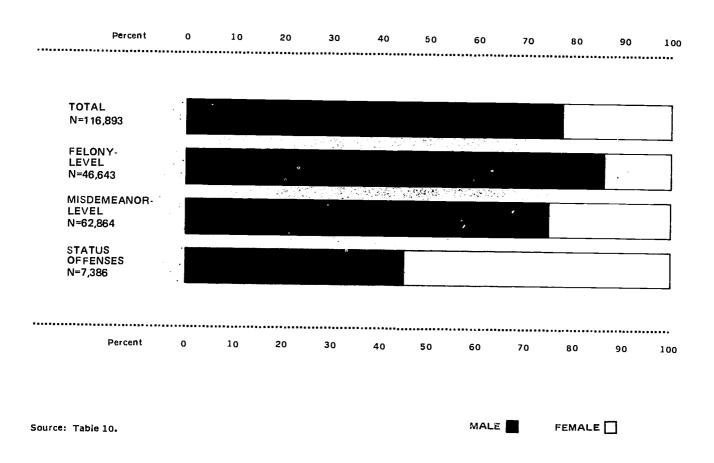
- Males accounted for slightly more than 3 out of 4 new referrals (77.3 percent).
- Males accounted for a far greater percentage of referrals than females for felony offenses (85.9) and misdemeanor offenses (74.6).
- Females accounted for more than half of the referrals for status offenses (54.1 percent).



Male arrestees predominate in the felony and misdemeanor referral offense categories.

## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Sex of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense





#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

#### Sex of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense

Of 8 specific felony offenses:

■ The percentage of males referred for any of these offenses was considerably greater (from 77.1 to 98.6) than the percentage of females.

Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

■ The percentage of males referred for any of these offenses was greater (from 63.8 to 88.3) than the percentage of females.

Of the 4 status offenses:

- The percentage of males referred for truancy and curfew violations (51.2 and 69.3) was greater than the percentage of females.
- The percentage of females referred for runaway and incorrigible offenses (67.6 and 56.4) was greater than the percentage of males.



Males constitute a large majority of referrals for all offense categories except for the status offenses of runaway and incorrigible.

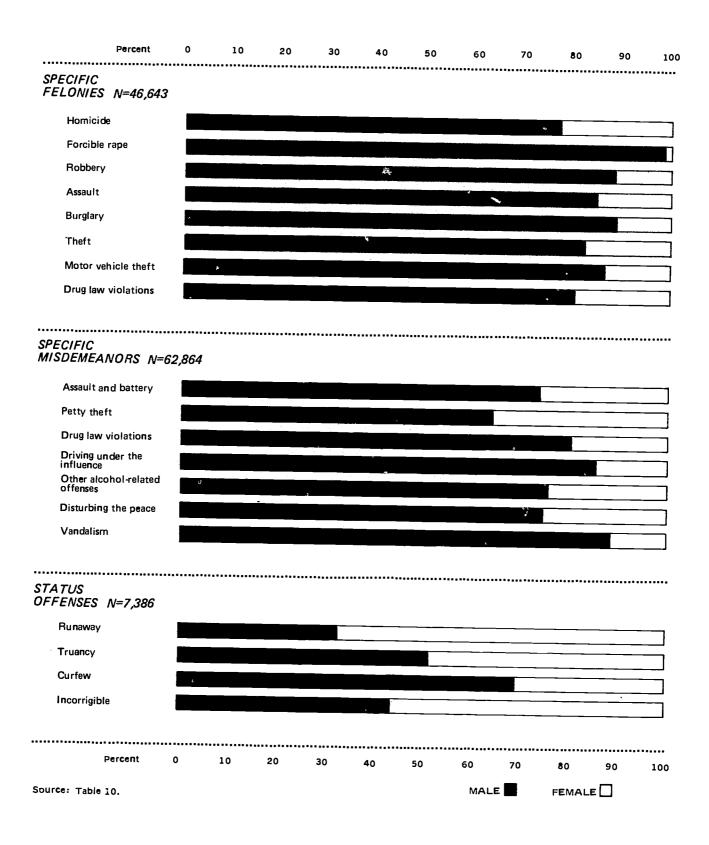




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## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Sex of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense







#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

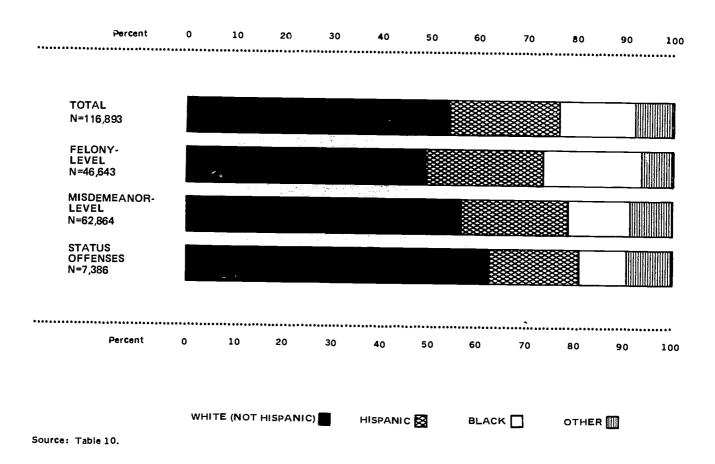
Race/Ethnic Group of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for more referrals (53.9 percent) than all other groups combined.
- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of referrals for felony offenses (49.0), misdemeanor offenses (56.5), and status offenses (62.2).
- Hispanics accounted for slightly less than 1 out of 4 referrals for felony offenses (24.2 percent) and for misdemeanor offenses (22.0 percent).
- Blacks accounted for less than 1 out of 10 referrals for status offenses (9.7 percent).



## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Race/Ethnic Group of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense





#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

Race/Ethnic Group of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense

Of 8 specific felony offenses:

- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of referrals for those offenses other than forcible rape and robbery.
- Blacks accounted for the largest percentage of referrals for robbery (51.1) and forcible rape (33.6).

Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

■ Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of each of the offenses shown (from 49.5 to 66.1).

Of the 4 status offenses:

■ Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for the largest percentage of referrals (from 49.8 to 71.0).

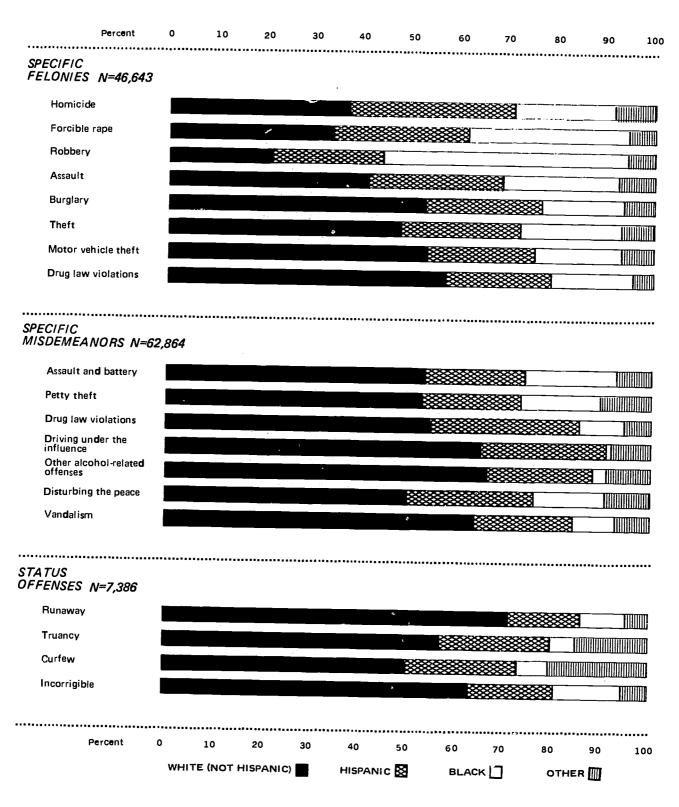




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## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Race/Ethnic Group of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense



Source: Table 10.



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#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

#### Age of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense

- The 16 and over age group accounted for more referrals (53.9 percent) than all other groups combined.
- The 16 and over age group accounted for more referrals for felony offenses (52.6 percent) than the 14—15 and the 13 and under age groups combined (31.7 and 15.7 percent, respectively).
- The 16 and over age group accounted for more referrals for misdemeanor offenses (56.4 percent) than the 14—15 and the 13 and under age groups combined (28.6 and 14.9 percent, respectively).
- The 14—15 and the 16 and over age groups each accounted for slightly more than 4 out of 10 referrals for status offenses (45.0 and 40.6 percent, respectively).

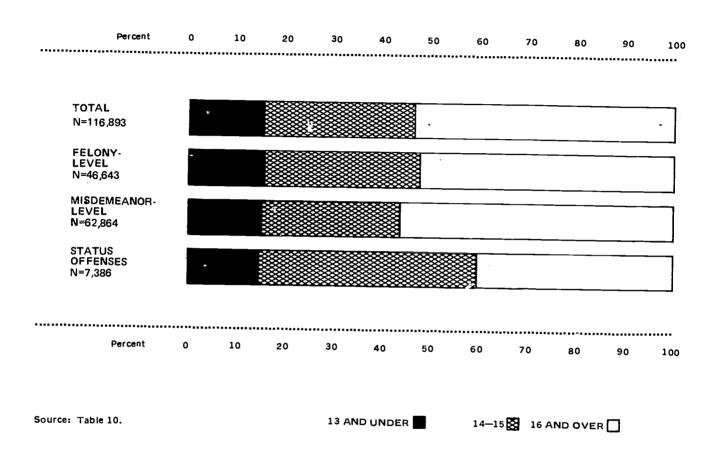






## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Age of New Referral Cases by Level of Offense





#### CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW REFERRALS (Statewide)

#### Age of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense

Of 8 specific felony offenses:

- The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of new referrals for each offense shown (from 46.1 to 72.9).
- The 14—15 age group were most often referred for forcible rape (34.7 percent), motor vehicle theft (34.1 percent), and burglary (33.8 percent).
- The 13 and under age group were most often referred for burglary (20.1 percent).

Of 7 specific misdemeanor offenses:

■ The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of new referrals for each offense shown (from 40.3 to 95.9).

- The 14—15 age group were most often referred for petty theft (34.5 percent).
- The 13 and under age group were most often referred for vandalism (30.2 parcent).

Of the 4 status offenses:

- The 16 and over age group accounted for the largest percentage of referrals for curfew violation (61.2).
- The 14—15 age group accounted for the largest percentage of referrals for each of the other three offenses shown (from 31.3 to 55.5).
- The 13 and under age group were most often referred for incorrigible offenses (17.2 percent).



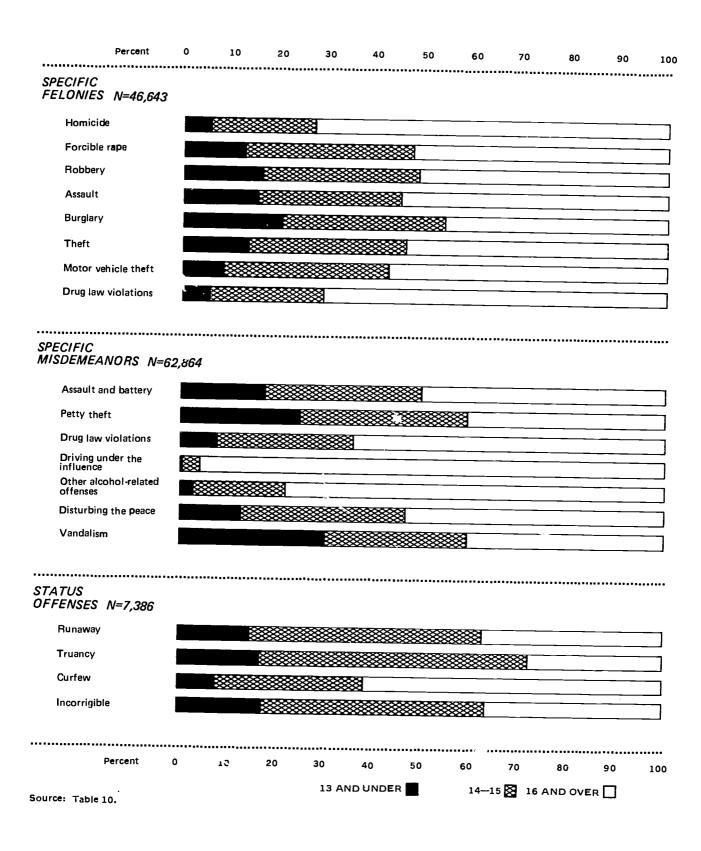






## NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983

Age of New Referral Cases by Specific Offense





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# JUVENILE JUSTICE IN CALIFORNIA DISPOSITION GUIDE 1983

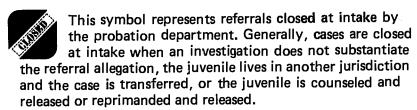
This guide describes the disposition options available within the California juvenile justice system. Disposition of a delinquency referral case can occur in either the probation department or the juvenile court. A number of variables affect the type of disposition. These include: the findings from the intake investigation on the circumstances and alleged offense of the minor; prior arrest and referral record; determined need for admonishment, restitution, discipline, supervision, placement, or

recourse to other authority; and other factors as determined by the individual case. If a juvenile has committed multiple offenses prior to the time of referral, those offenses may be handled with one disposition and counted as one referral case.

"Fallout Charts" are used in this report to display the disposition of case referrals by offense level, sex, race/ethnic group, and age.



This symbol represents referrals reported to BCS by county juvenile probation departments.



This symbol represents referrals placed on informal probation as provided by Section 654 of the California Welfare and Institutions Code (W&I). It is called informal probation because the formal process of filing a court petition is avoided when the juvenile, his parents, and the probation department enter into an agreement calling for up to six months of supervision under specified conditions.



JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM

This symbol represents referrals dismissed in juvenile court by exoneration, transfer to another jurisdiction, or for other reasons.



This symbol represents referrals remanded to adult court. Older juveniles, 16 and 17 years of age, charged with specific felony law violations (murder; arson; armed robbery; forcible rape; kidnapping for ransom, robbery, or with bodily harm; aggravated assault; certain violations involving discharge of firearms; and certain sexual violations by force, violence, or threat of great bodily harm), must be handled in adult court unless the court determines that the subject is amenable to treatment available through the juvenile court. Other juveniles may be remanded if declared not fit and proper subjects to be dealt with under juvenile court law.

This symbol represents referrals placed on non-ward probation by the juvenile court under provision of Section 725a (W&I), which allows for a period of supervision of up to six months.

This symbol represents referrals adjudged to be wards of the juvenile court and placed on formal probation. When it is in the best interests of the juvenile and the community, the ward will be placed in a foster home, juvenile hall, camp, ranch, or school. Occasionally these interests are best served by allowing the ward to remain in the family home under probation supervision.



This symbol represents referrals committed to the California Youth Authority (CYA) by the juvenile court.



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## NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

Each "Fallout Chart" contains the eight components described earlier. The descending nature of the curve (line) in the chart describes the fallout characteristics of a particular group of referral cases. For example, Chart 22 indicates (statewide) that 51.1 percent of the cases were closed at intake. These cases fell out of the dispositional system; therefore, the curve was lowered by 51.1 percent. The remaining 48.9 percent represents cases in the system awaiting disposition. Continuing along the curve, another 13.1 percent of the cases were placed on informal probation (654 W&I). At that point, 35.8 percent of the cases remained in the system awaiting disposition. The fallout percentage is accumulated until all cases have received a final disposition.

The horizontal bar charts which follow the "Fallout Charts" also present disposition information. The disposition patterns of new referrals for specific offenses are shown by the bar charts and the accompanying percentages.

Type of Case Disposition of New Referrals to Probation Department and Juvenile Court

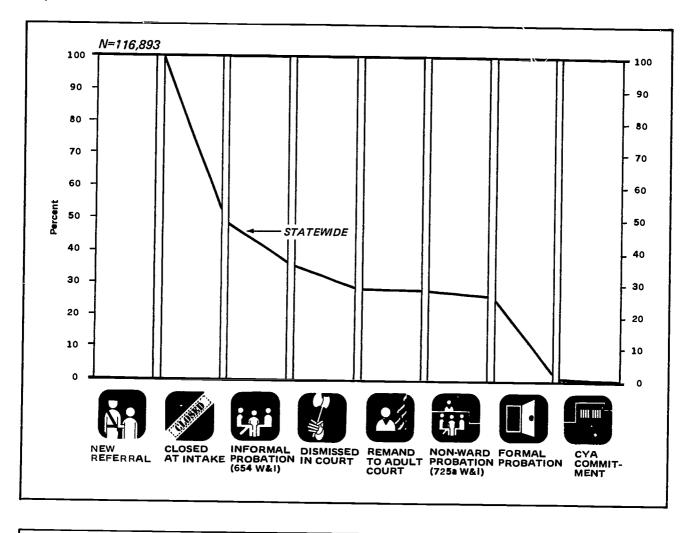
#### On a statewide basis:

- Nearly 6 out of 10 cases (58.7 percent) were not retained in the system: 51.1 percent of these cases were closed at intake, and 7.6 percent were dismissed in juvenile court.
- Over 4 out of 10 of the new cases referred to the probation department were placed on some form of supervision: 13.1 percent were placed on informal probation, 1.8 percent on non-ward probation, and 25.7 percent on formal probation.
- The few remaining cases were either remanded to adult court (.2 percent) or committed to CYA (.4 percent).



# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

"System Fallout"



Disposition 100.0% 51.1% 13.1% 7.6% .2% 1.8% 25.7% .4%
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Note: Percents may not add 10 100.0 because of rounding. Source: Tables 13 and 14.





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

#### Type of Case Disposition by Referral Offense Level

Of all referrals for felony offenses:

- 42.2 percent were either closed at intake (31.4) or dismissed in court (10.8).
- 56.4 percent were placed under supervision: informal (12.4), non-ward (2.1), or formal (41.9).
- 1.3 percent were either remanded to adult court (.4) or committed to CYA (.9).

Of all referrals for misdemeanor offenses:

■ 67.9 percent were either closed at intake (62.1) or dismissed in court (5.8).

- 32.0 percent were placed under supervision: informal (14.2), non-ward (1.8), or formal (16.0).
- .1 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all referrals for status offenses:

- 84.5 percent were either closed at intake (81.8) or dismissed in court (2.7).
- 15.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (8.6), non-ward (.3), or formal (6.6).



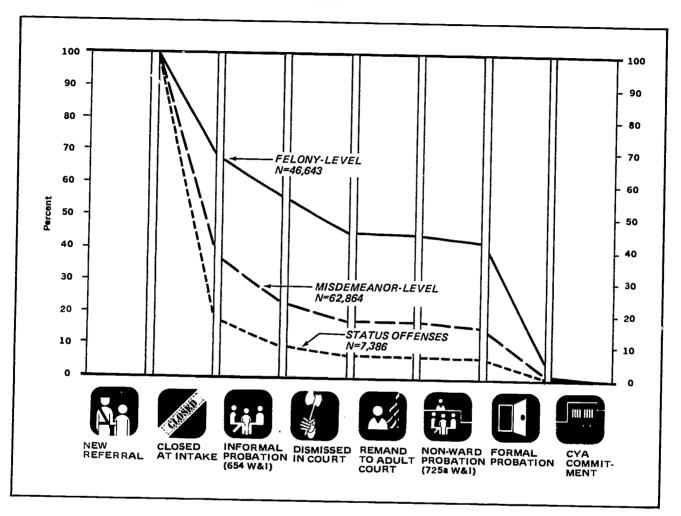
The more serious the offense, the less likely the case is to be closed at intake.



## DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT

AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

Type of Case Disposition by Referral Offense Level



Felony- level Misdemeanor- level	100.0% 100.0%	31.4% 62.1%	12.4% 14.2%	10.8% 5.8%	.4% .0%	2.1% 1.8%	41.9% 16.0%	.9%	
Status offenses.	100.0%	81.8%	8.6%	2.7%	.0%	.3%	6.6%	.1% .0%	

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 11 and 12.





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

#### Type of Case Disposition by Sex

Of the cases involving males:

- 55.9 percent were either closed at intake (48.1) or dismissed in court (7.8).
- 43.3 percent were placed under supervision: informal (13.3), non-ward (1.9), or formal (28.1).
- .7 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (.5).

Of the cases involving females:

- 68.1 percent were either closed at intake (61.2) or dismissed in court (6.9).
- 31.6 percent were placed under supervision: informal (12.4), non-ward (1.6), or formal (17.6).
- .3 percent were either remanded to adult court (.1) or committed to CYA (.2).



Female referrals are more likely than male referrals to be closed at intake. This may be influenced by the variation in the referral offense level of males and females (see Chart 17).

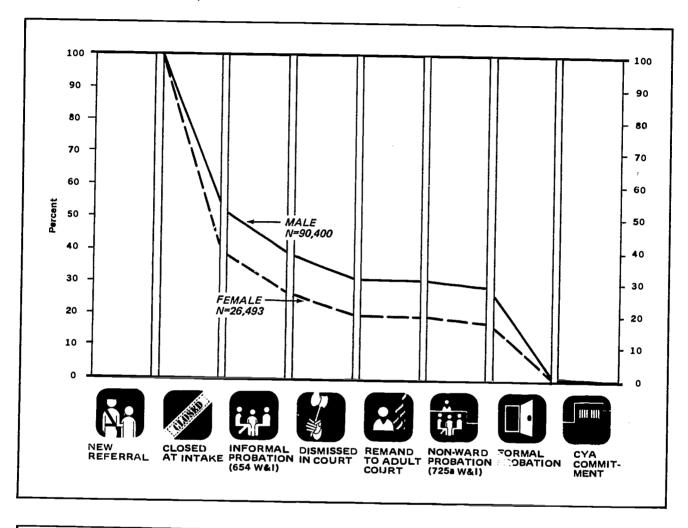






# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

Type of Case Disposition by Sex



Male	100.0%	48.1%	13.3%	7.8%	.2%	1.9%	28.1%	.5%	
Female	100.0%	61.2%	12.4%	6.9%	.1%	1.6%	17.6%	.2%	
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Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Source: Tables 13 and 14.





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

## Type of Case Disposition by Race/Ethnic Group

Of all cases involving whites (not Hispanic):

- 59.0 percent were either closed at intake (51.6) or dismissed in court (7.4).
- 40.7 percent were placed under supervision: informal (15.1), non-ward (2.3), or formal (23.3).
- .4 percent were either remanded to adult court (.1) or committed to CYA (.3).

#### Of all cases involving Hispanics:

■ 56.4 percent were either closed at intake (48.6) or dismissed in court (7.8).

- 42.9 percent were placed under supervision: informal (13.0), non-ward (1.3), or formal (28.6).
- .7 percent were either remanded to adult court
   (.2) or committed to CYA (.5).

Of all cases involving blacks:

- 56.4 percent were either closed at intake (47.2) or dismissed in court (9.2).
- 42.4 percent were placed under supervision: informal (9.0), non-ward (1.3), or formal (32.1).
- 1.3 percent were either remanded to adult court (.3) or committed to CYA (1.0).

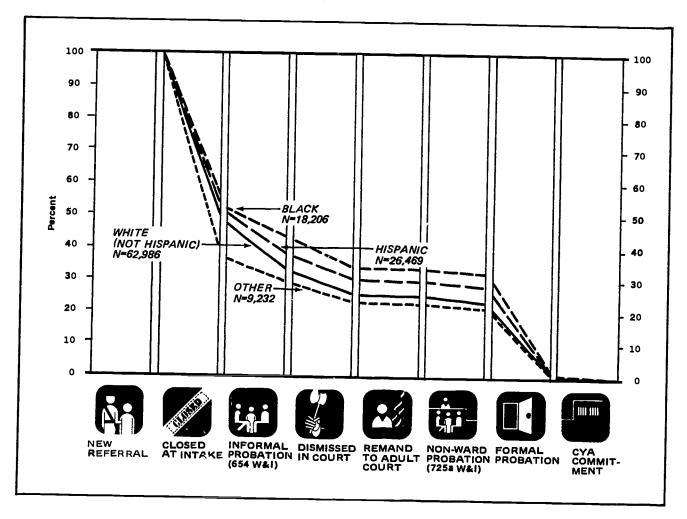


White (not Hispanic) referrals are more likely to be closed at intake than those in other race/ethnic groups. This may be influenced by the variation in the referral offense level among the race/ethnic groups (see Chart 19).



# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

Type of Case Disposition by Race/Ethnic Group



White (not Hispanic) Hispanic Black , Other/	100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	51.6% 48.6% 47.2%	15.1% 13.0% 9.0%	7.4% 7.8% 9.2%	.1% .2% .3%	2.3% 1.3% 1.3%	23.3% 28.6% 32.1%	.3% .5% 1.0%
unknown	100.0%	62.3%	8.0%	6.0%	.3%	1. <b>2</b> %	22.1%	.3%

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 13 and 14.





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

#### Type of Case Disposition by Age

Of the cases involving juveniles 13 and under:

- 60.9 percent were either closed at intake (56.0) or dismissed in court (4.9).
- 38.9 percent were placed under supervision: informal (19.0), non-ward (1.2), or formal (18.7).
- .1 percent were committed to CYA.

Of the cases involving juveniles 14-15:

■ 55.6 percent were either closed at intake (49.6) or dismissed in court (6.0).

- 44.1 percent were placed under supervision: informal (15.8), non-ward (1.6), or formal (26.7).
- A fractional percentage were remanded to adult court and .2 percent were committed to CYA.

Of the cases involving juveniles 16 and over:

- 59.9 percent were either closed at intake (50.6) or dismissed in court (9.3).
- 39.2 percent were placed under supervision: informal (9.9), non-ward (2.1), or formal (27.2).
- .9 percent were either remanded to adult court
   (.3) or committed to CYA (.6).

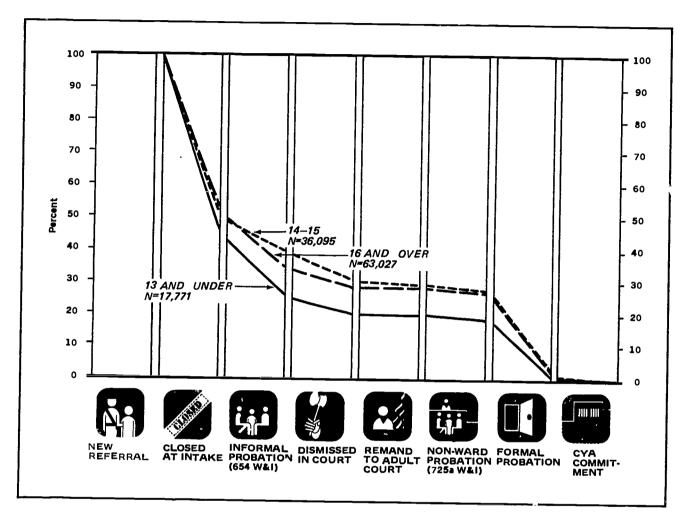
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Juvenile referrals in the 13 and under age group are more likely than those in older age groups to be closed at intake (see Chart 21).



# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

Type of Case Disposition by Age



13 and under 100.0% 14—15 100.0% 16 and over 100.0%	56.0%	19.0%	4.9%	.0%	1.2%	18.7%	.1%
	49.6%	15.8%	6.0%	.0%	1.6%	26.7%	.2%
	50.6%	9.9%	9.3%	.3%	2.1%	27.2%	.6%

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Source: Tables 13 and 14.





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

## Type of Case Disposition by Specific Felony Referral Offense

#### Of all referrals for homicide:

- 38.0 percent were either closed at intake (19.3) or dismissed in court (18.7).
- 17.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (3.6), non-ward (.6), or formal (13.3).
- 44.6 percent were either remanded to adult court (16.9) or committed to CYA (27.7).

#### Of all referrals for forcible rape:

- 47.0 percent were either closed at intake (27.9) or dismissed in court (19.1).
- 44.8 percent were placed under supervision: informal (1.9), non-ward (2.2), or formal (40.7).
- 8.2 percent were either remanded to adult court (4.1) or committed to CYA (4.1).

#### Of all referrals for robbery:

- 34.0 percent were either closed at intake (17.8) or dismissed in court (16.2).
- 61.4 percent were placed under supervision: informal (4.8), non-ward (1.2), or formal (55.4).
- 4.4 percent were either remanded to adult court (1.0) or committed to CYA (3.4).

#### Of all referrals for assault:

- 42.1 percent were either closed at intake (27.8) or dismissed in court (14.3).
- 55.3 percent were placed under supervision: informal (9.0), non-ward (2.1), or formal (44.2).
- 2.6 percent were either remanded to adult court (.7) or committed to CYA (1.9).

#### Of all referrals for burglary:

- 33.8 percent were either closed at intake (24.0) or dismissed in court (9.8).
- 65.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (14.8), non-ward (2.3), or formal (48.4).
- 7 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (.5).

#### Of all referrals for felony theft:

- 51.0 percent were either closed at intake (40.9) or dismissed in court (10.1).
- 48.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (13.5), non-ward (1.9), or formal (33.1).
- .5 percent were either remanded to adult court (.1) or committed to CYA (.4).

#### Of all referrals for motor vehicle theft:

- 50.5 percent were either closed at intake (37.2) or dismissed in court (13.3).
- 48.9 percent were placed under supervision: informal (9.1), non-ward (2.1), or formal (37.7).
- .6 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (.4).

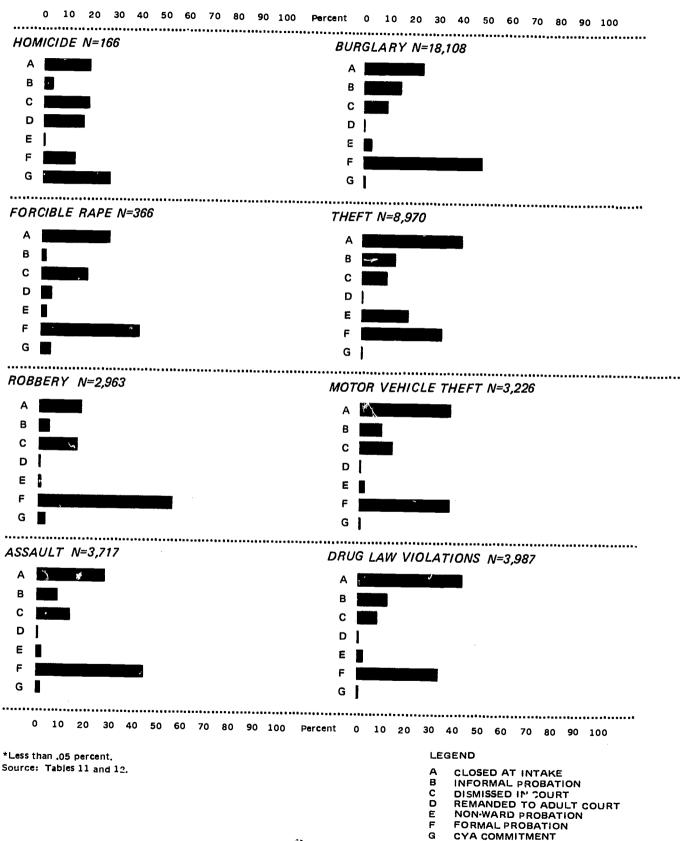
#### Of all referrals for felony drug law violations:

- 51.0 percent were either closed at intake (42.8) or dismissed in court (8.2).
- 48.1 percent were placed under supervision: informal (12.2), non-ward (2.2), or formal (33.7).
- 8 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (.6).



# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Specific Felony Referral Offense







#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

## Type of Case Disposition by Specific Misdemeanor Referral Offense

Of all referrals for assault and battery:

- 56.4 percent were either closed at intake (46.6) or dismissed in court (9.8).
- 43.4 percent were placed under supervision: informal (15.6), non-ward (2.7), or formal (25.1).
- .2 percent were either remanded to adult court
   (.1) or committed to CYA (.1).

Of all referrals for petty theft:

- 68.7 percent were either closed at intake (64.3) or dismissed in court (4.4).
- 31.2 percent were placed under supervision: informal (16.7), non-ward (1.4), or formal (13.1).

Of all referrals for misdemeanor orug law violations:

- 65.1 percent were either closed at intake (61.1) or dismissed in court (4.0).
- 34.6 percent were placed under supervision: informal (21.1), non-ward (.6), or formal (12.9).
- .3 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all referrals for disturbing the peace:

- 72.5 percent were either closed at intake (68.4) or dismissed in court (4.1).
- 27.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (16.0), non-ward (1.7), or formal (9.8).

Of all referrals for driving under the influence:

- 33.4 percent were either closed at intake (23.1) or dismissed in court (10.3).
- 66.3 percent were placed under supervision: informal (2.4), non-ward (8.8), or formal (55.1).
- .3 percent were remanded to adult court.

Of all referrals for other alcohol-related violations:

- 79.1 percent were either closed at intake (75.9) or dismissed in court (3.2).
- 20.9 percent were placed under supervision: informal (12.7), non-ward (.7), or formal (7.5).

Of all referrals for vandalism:

- 64.6 percent were either closed at intake (57.1) or dismissed in court (7.5).
- 35.3 percent were placed under supervision: informal (17.7), non-ward (2.0), or formal (15.6).



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DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Specific Misdemeanor Referral Offense

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 ..... ASSAULT AND BATTERY N=7,780 DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE N=2,256 С D PETTY THEFT N=17,113 OTHER ALCOHOL-RELATED VIOLATIONS N=9,163 D |\* DRUG LAW VIOLATIONS N=5,199 VANDALISM N=4,187 D |\* E DISTURBING THE PEACE N=2,111 В D |\* Е 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 \*Less than .05 percent. **LEGEND** Source: Tables 11 and 12. CLOSED AT INTAKE INFORMAL PROBATION DISMISSED IN COURT REMANDED TO ADULT COURT NON-WARD PROBATION FORMAL PROBATION CYA COMMITMENT





#### NEW REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (Statewide)

## Type of Case Disposition by Status Referral Offense

#### Of all referrals for runaway:

- 91.7 percent were either closed at intake (88.7) or dismissed in court (3.0).
- 8.2 percent were placed under supervision: informal (2.3), non-ward (.1), or formal (5.8).

#### Of all referrals for truancy:

- 52.1 percent were either closed at intake (45.5) or dismissed in court (6.6).
- 47.9 percent were placed under supervision: informal (32.0), non-ward (1.5), or formal (14.4).

#### Of all referrals for curfew violation:

- 95.3 percent were either closed at intake (95.2) or dismissed in court (.1).
- 4.7 percent were placed under supervision: informal (4.5) or formal (.2).

#### Of all referrals for incorrigible offenses:

- 83.4 percent were either closed at intake (81.0) or dismissed in court (2.4).
- 16.6 percent were placed under supervision: informal (8.4), non-ward (.1), or formal (8.1).



More truancy cases are placed on informal and formal probation combined than are closed at intake.



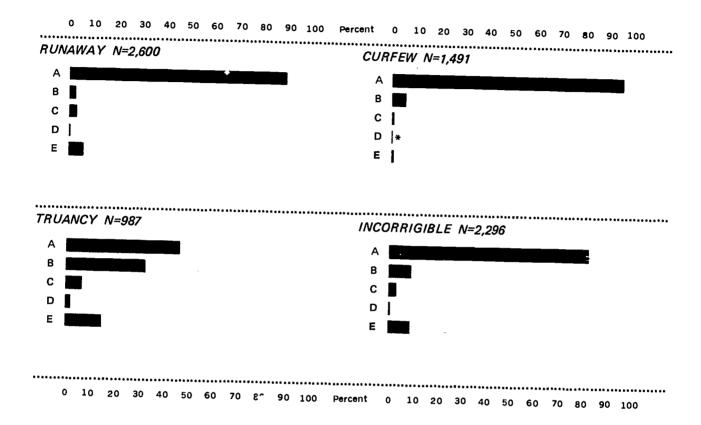






# DISPOSITION OF NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Status Referral Offense



\*Less than .05 percent.

Notes: "Remanded to Adult Court" & "CYA Commitment" are not disposition options for status offenses.

Source: Tables 11 and 12.

#### LEGEND

- A CLOSED AT INTAKE
- B INFORMAL PROBATION
- C DISMISSED IN COURT
- D NON-WARD PROBATION
- E FORMAL PROBATION





#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

If the juvenile is under supervision by the probation department at the time of referral, the case is termed a re-referral.

As in new referrals, if a juvenile has committed multiple offenses prior to the time of referral, those offenses may be handled with one disposition and counted as one re-referral case. Therefore, statistics used in this section refer to cases, not the total number of violations or offenses.

This section provides information on the disposition of 25,756 re-referrals to probation departments in 1983. Fallout charts are used extensively to display the disposition options exercised by probation departments and juvenile courts. The section contains information on re-referral cases from only 54 counties. Information on re-referrals is incomplete from four counties (Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara) and is not included.



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#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

#### Source of Re-Referral Cases to Probation Department

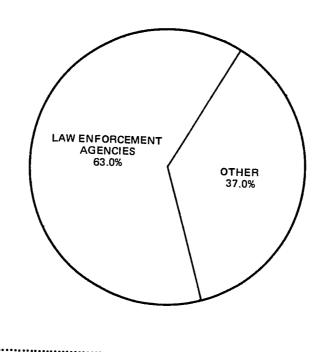
- Law enforcement agencies were the source of slightly less than 2 out of 3 of the re-referrals to probation departments.
- Other public agencies and individuals were the source of slightly more than 1 out of 3 re-referrals to probation departments.





SOURCE OF RE-REFERRAL CASES TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983 54 Counties

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#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

## Type of Case Disposition by Specific Felony Re-Referral Offense

#### Of all re-referrals for homicide:

- 25.0 percent were either closed at intake (14.3) or dismissed in court (10.7).
- 14.3 percent were continued on formal probation.
- 60.7 percent were either remanded to adult court (28.6) or committed to CYA (32.1).

#### Of all re-referrals for forcible rape:

- 26.0 percent were either closed at intake (13.0) or dismissed in court (13.0).
- 46.4 percent were continued on formal probation.
- 27.5 percent were either remanded to adult court (11.6) or committed to CYA (15.9).

#### Of all re-referrals for robbery:

- 23.9 percent were either closed at intake (9.8) or dismissed in court (14.1).
- 54.9 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.2), non-ward (.8), or formal (53.9).
- 21.2 percent were either remanded to adult court (4.2) or committed to CYA (17.0).

#### Of all re-referrals for assault:

- 29.8 percent were either closed at intake (16.9) or dismissed in court (12.9).
- 57.4 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.4), non-ward (.5), or formal (56.5).
- 12.8 percent were either remanded to adult court (2.1) or committed to CYA (10.7).

#### Of all re-referrals for burglary:

- 20.7 percent were either closed at intake (12.7) or dismissed in court (8.0).
- 70.7 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.8), non-ward (.8), or formal (69.1).
- 8.6 percent were either remanded to adult court (.4) or committed to CYA (8.2).

#### Of all re-referrals for felony theft:

- 33.2 percent were either closed at intake (24.0) or dismissed in court (9.2).
- 61.3 percent were continued on supervision: Informal (1.3), non-ward (.8), or formal (59.2).
- 5.7 percent were committed to CYA.

#### Of all re-referrals for motor vehicle theft:

- 25.9 percent were either closed at intake (15.8) or dismissed in court (10.1).
- 64.4 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.3), non-ward (.7), or formal (63.4).
- 9.7 percent were committed to CYA.

#### Of all re-referrals for felony drug law violations:

- 38.0 percent were either closed at intake (28.3) or dismissed in court (9.7).
- 56.6 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.2), non-ward (.4), or formal (56.0).
- 5.3 percent were either remanded to adult court (.4) or committed to CYA (4.9).



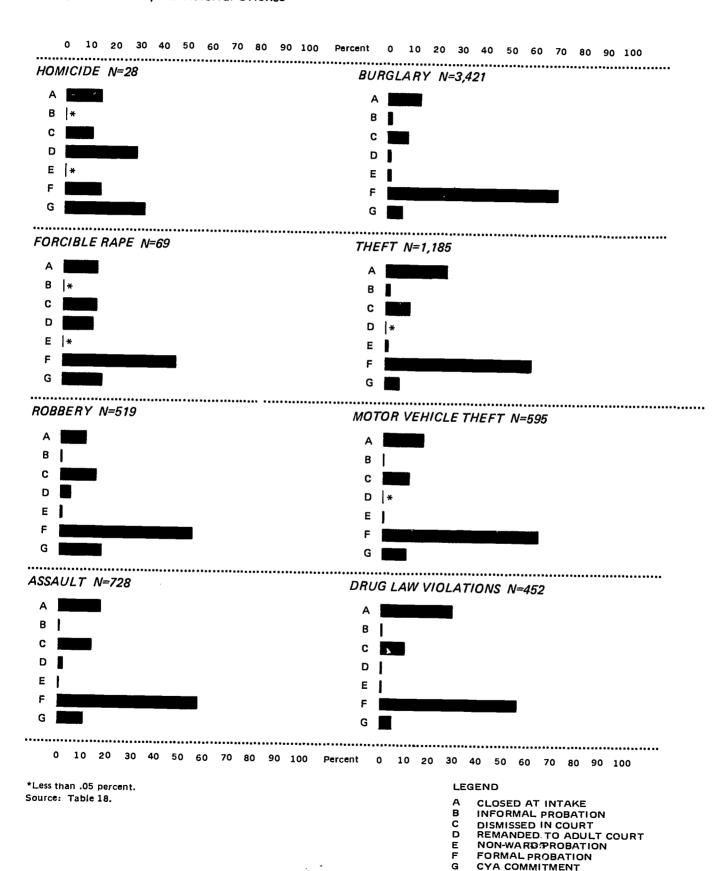
The most common re-referral disposition is formal probation, except when the offense is homicide. For homicide, the most common disposition is commitment to CYA.





DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Specific Felony Re-Referral Offense







#### RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)

#### Type of Case Disposition by Specific Misdemeanor Re-Referral Offense

Of all re-referrals for assault and battery:

- 37.6 percent were either closed at intake (28.1) or dismissed in court (9.5).
- 57.1 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.5), non-ward (.6), or formal (55.0).
- 5.3 percent were either remanded to adult court (.1) or committed to CYA (5.2).

Of all re-referrals for petty theft:

- 33.6 percent were either closed at intake (26.0) or dismissed in court (7.6).
- 64.7 percent were continued on supervision: informal (2.8), non-ward (1.5), or formal (60.4).
- 1.7 percent were either remanded to adult court (.1) or committed to CYA (1.6).

Of all re-referrals for misdemeanor drug law violations:

- 49.1 percent were either closed at intake (42.3) or dismissed in court (6.8).
- 45.7 percent were continued on supervision: informal (2.3), non-ward (.6), or formal (42.8).
- 5.1 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all re-referrals for disturbing the peace:

■ 70.7 percent were either closed at intake (61.9) or dismissed in court (8.8).

- 28.7 percent were continued on supervision: informal (2.5), non-ward (1.1), or formal (25.1).
- .6 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all re-referrals for driving under the influence:

- 15.7 percent were either closed at intake (10.8) or dismissed in court (4.9).
- 80.6 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.3), non-ward (2.6), or formal (77.7).
- 3.6 percent were either remanded to adult court (.3) or committed to CYA (3.3).

Of all re-referrals for other alcohol-related violations:

- 59.2 percent were either closed at intake (52.8) or dismissed in court (6.4).
- 40.3 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.6), non-ward (.9), or formal (37.8).
- .4 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all re-referrals for vandalism:

- 56.9 percent were either closed at intake (44.4) or dismissed in court (12.5).
- 41.2 percent were continued on supervision: informal (2.9), non-ward (.8), or formal (37.5).
- 1.9 percent were either remanded to adult court (.4) or committed to CYA (1.5).



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# DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Specific Misdemeanor Re-Referral Offense

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90	***************************************
ASSAULT AND BATTERY N=1,522	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE N=305
A Desired Brown	A Maria
8	В
C D	C 📰
	D
F	E <u>                                    </u>
G T	F
	G 📕
PETTY THEFT N=2,075	OTHER ALCOHOL-RELATED VIOLATIONS N=1,370
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	Α
В	В
c 📰	c 📰
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F	F
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RUG LAW VIOLATIONS N=836	VANDALISM N=522
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STURBING THE PEACE N=354	
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0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90	100 Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
ess than .05 percent.	LEGEND
Irce: Table 18.	A CLOSED AT INTAKE
	B INFORMAL PROBATION C DISMISSED IN COURT
	D REMANDED TO ADULT COURT E NON-WARD PROBATION





#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

#### Type of Case Disposition by Status Re-Referral Offense

#### Of all re-referrals for runaway:

- 77.1 percent were either closed at intake (72.7) or dismissed in court (4.4).
- 22.9 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.1), non-ward (.5), or formal (21.3).

#### Of all re-referrals for truancy:

- 67.0 percent were either closed at intake (60.9) or dismissed in court (6.1).
  - 33.0 percent were continued on formal probation.

#### Of all re-referrals for curfew violation:

- 96.9 percent were either closed at intake (95.7) or dismissed in court (1.2).
- 3.1 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.6) or formal (2.5).

#### Of all re-referrals for incorrigible offenses:

- 74.8 percent were either closed at intake (69.8) or dismissed in court. (5.0).
- 25.1 percent were continued on supervision: informal (3.1) or formal (22.0).





# DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

By Status Re-Referral Offense

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 ..... RUNAWAY N=183 CURFEW N=161 C C  $D \mid$ D |\* E TRUANCY N=115 INCORRIGIBLE N=159 B |\* C D |\* D 0 10 20 30 40 50 65 /6 80 90 100 Percent 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

\*Less than .05 percent.

Notes: "Remanded to Adult Court" and "CYA Commitment" are not disposition options for status offenses.

Source: Table 18.

#### LEGEND

- A CLOSED AT INTAKE
- B INFORMAL PROBATION
- DISMISSED IN COURT
- D NON-WARD PROBATION
- E FORMAL PROBATION





COMPARISON OF NEW REFERRAL AND RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)

Type of Case Disposition Patterns by New Referral Status Versus Re-Referral Status for 54 Counties

Of all new referral dispositions:

- 62.1 percent were either closed at intake (54.4) or dismissed in court (7.7).
- 37.5 percent were placed under supervision: informal (13.9), non-ward (2.5), or formal (21.1).
- .4 percent were either remanded to adult court
   (,2) or committed to CYA (.2).

Of all re-referral dispositions:

- 34.4 percent were either closed at intake (23.5) or dismissed in court (10.9).
- 61.2 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.9), non-ward (.9), or formal (59.4).
- 4.4 percent were either remanded to adult court
   (.3) or committed to CYA (4.1).



3

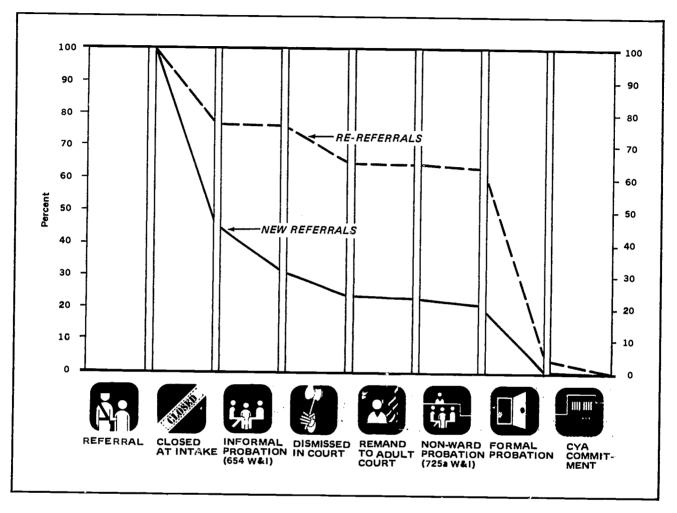
Over one-half of new referrals (54.4 percent) are closed at intake compared to only one-fourth of re-referrals (23.5 percent).





# DISPOSITION OF ALL REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983

Comparison of New Referral and Re-Referral Case Disposition Patterns for 54 Counties



New referrals . 100.0 Re-Referrals 100.0		13.9% .9%	7.7% 10.9%	.2% .3%	2.5% .9%	21.1% 59.4%	.2% 4.1%	
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Source: Table 168.



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#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

Type of Case Pisposition by Re-Referral Offense Level

Of all re-referrals for felony offenses:

- 26.3 percent were either closed at intake (16.3) or dismissed in court (10.0).
- 63.9 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.7), non-ward (.7), or formal (62.5).
- 9.7 percent were either remanded to adult court (1.0) or committed to CYA (8.7).

Of all re-referrals for misdemeanor offenses:

- 36.3 percent were either closed at intake (24.8) or dismissed in court (11.5).
- 61.4 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.0), non-ward (1.0), or formal (59.4).
- 2.2 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all re-referrals for status offenses:

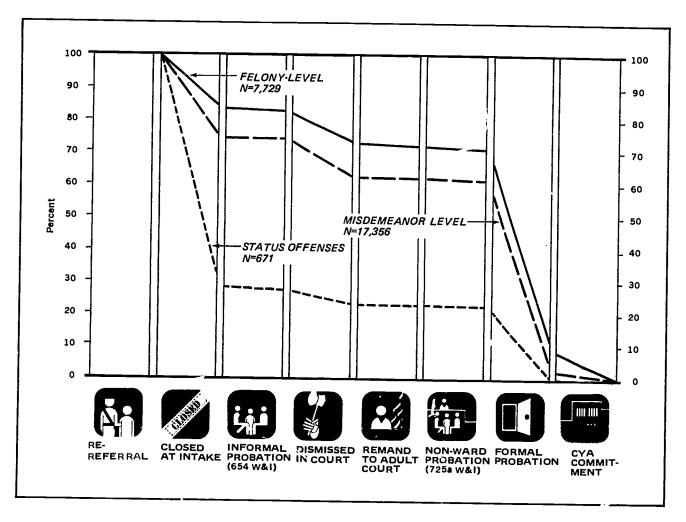
- 75.7 percent were either closed at intake (71.2) or dismissed in court (4.5).
- 24.3 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.2), non-ward (.1), or formal (23.0).





# DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983, 54 Counties

Type of Case Disposition by Re-Referral Offense Level



elony•								
level Misdemeanor•	100.0%	16.3%	.7%	10.0%	1.0%	.7%	62.5%	8.7%
level Status	100.0%	24.8%	1.0%	11.5%	.0%	1.0%	59.4%	2.2%
offenses .	100.0%	71.2%	1.2%	4.5%	.0%	.1%	23.0%	.0%

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Source: 'rable 18.





#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

#### Type of Re-Referral Case Disposition by Sex

Of the cases involving males:

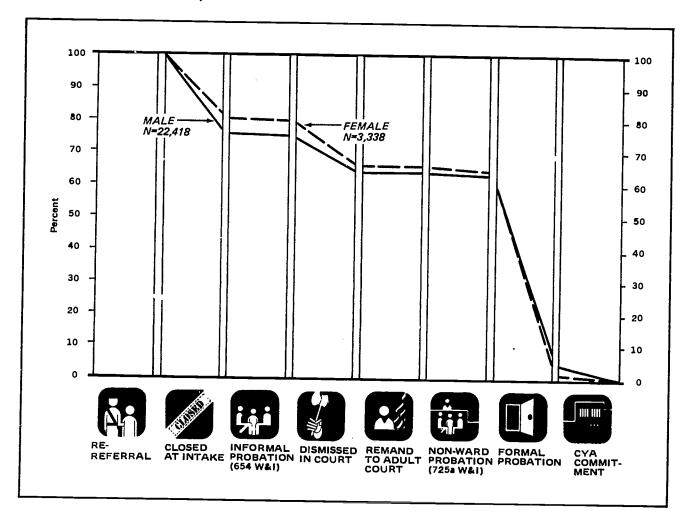
- 34.6 percent were either closed at intake (24.1) or dismissed in court (10.5).
- 60.6 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.9), non-ward (.8), or formal (58.9).
- 4.8 percent were either remanded to adult court (.4) or committed to CYA (4.4).

Of the cases involving females:

- 32.9 percent were either closed at intake (19.3) or dismissed in court (13.6).
- 65.3 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.0), non-ward (1.4), or formal (62.9).
- 1.7 percent were committed to CYA.

#### DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983, 54 Counties

Type of Case Disposition by Sex



Male 100.0% 24.1% .9% 10.5% Female 100.0% 19.3% 1.0% 13.6%	.4% .0%	.8% 1.4%	58.9% 62.9%	4.4% 1.7%	
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Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 16A and 17.



#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

# Type of Re-Referral Case Disposition by Race/Ethnic Group

Of all cases involving juveniles categorized as white (not Hispanic):

- 33.7 percent were either closed at intake (23.1) or dismissed in court (10.6).
- 62.8 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.1), non-ward (1.2), or formal (60.5).
- 3.5 percent were either remanded to adult court (.2) or committed to CYA (3.3).

Of all cases involving Juveniles categorized as Hispanic:

- 36.9 percent were either closed at intake (25.6) or dismissed in court (11.3).
- 58.5 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.8), non-ward (.5), or formal (57.2).
- 4.7 percent were either remanded to adult court (.5) or committed to CYA (4.2).

Of all cases involving juveniles categorized as black:

- 35.8 percent were either closed at intake (23.5) or dismissed in court (12.3).
- 57.1 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.8), non-ward (.5), or formal (55.8).
- 7.1 percent were either remanded to adult court (.6) or committed to CYA (6.5).

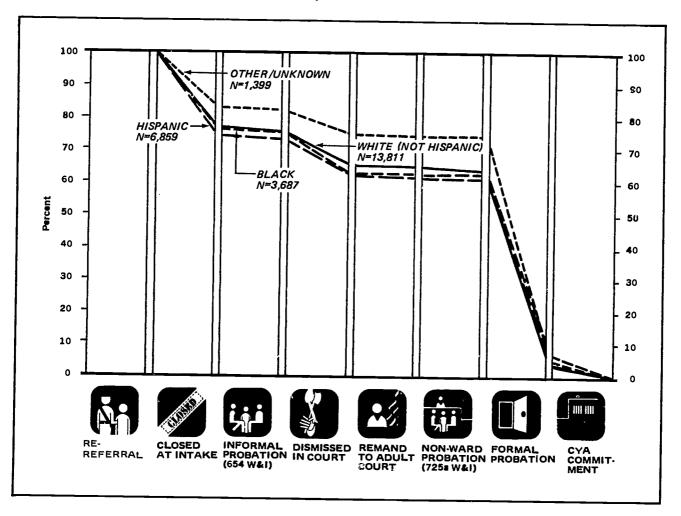




#### DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND

JUVENILE COURT, 1983, 54 Counties

Type of Case Disposition by Race/Ethnic Group



White (not Hispanic) Hispanic Black Other/	100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	23.1% 25.6% 23.5%	1.1% .8% .8%	10.6% 11.3% 12.3%	.2% .5% .6%	1.2% .5% <i>.</i> 5%	60.5% 57.2% 55.8%	3.3% 4.2% 6.5%
unknown	100.0%	16.9%	.5%	7.7%	.2%	.6%	69.3%	4.7%

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 16A and 17.



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N.E



#### **RE-REFERRAL DISPOSITIONS (54 Counties)**

#### Type of Re-Referral Case Disposition by Age

Of all cases involving juveniles 13 and under:

- 33.9 percent were either closed at intake (25.3) or dismissed in court (8.6).
- 65.3 percent were continued on supervision: informal (2.6), non-ward (1.1), or formal (61.6).
- .7 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all cases involving juveniles 14-15:

- 33.1 percent were either closed at intake (24.2) or dismissed in court (8.9).
- 64.4 percent were continued on supervision: informal (1.3), non-ward (.7), or formal (62.4).
- 2.5 percent were committed to CYA.

Of all cases involving juveniles 16 and over:

- ≥ 35.0 percent were either closed at intake (22.9) or dismissed in court (12.1).
- 59.2 percent were continued on supervision: informal (.6), non-ward (.9), or formal (57.7).
- 5.8 percent were either remanded to adult court (.5) or committed to CYA (5.3).

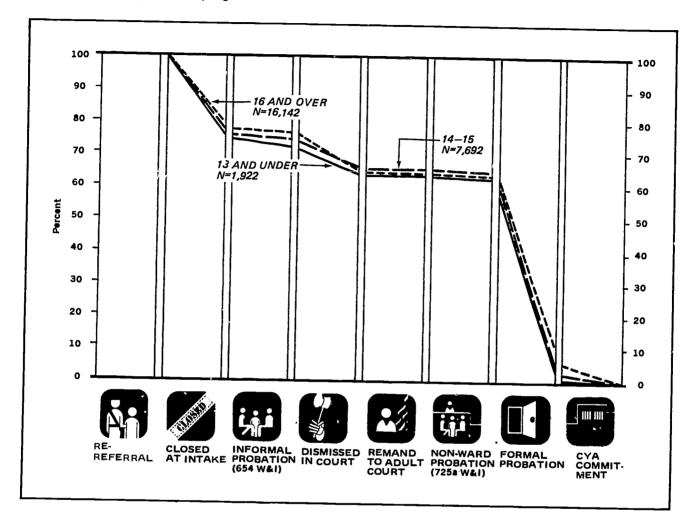




#### DISPOSITION OF RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND

JUVENILE COURT, 1983, 54 Counties

Type of Case Disposition by Age



13 and under 100.0% 14—15 100.0% 16 and over 100.0%	25.3% 24.2% 22.9%	2.6% 1.3% .6%	8.6% 8.9% 12.1%	.0% .0% .5%	1.1% .7% .9%	61.6% 62.4% 57.7%	.7% 2.5% 5.3%	
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Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

Source: Tables 16A and 17.



# JUVENILE JUSTICE IN CALIFORNIA INCARCERATIONS 1983

#### Commitments to CYA from Juvenile Court

The information in this section pertaining to the California Youth Authority (CYA) commitments has been provided to the Bureau of Criminal Statistics (BCS) by CYA and reflects statewide commitments. Race/ethnic designations used in this section are not consistent with those used in other sections of this publication. The CYA category "White" corresponds to the publication category "White (not Hispanic)." The CYA category "Spanish speaking surnamed persons" corresponds to the publication category "Hispanic."

The number of commitments shown in Chart 39 and Table 19 relating to this section includes all commitments to CYA from juvenile courts except commitments for probation and parole violations.

The data in Chart 40 and Table 20 were collected in a one-day detention survey conducted by BCS.





#### INCARCERATIONS

#### Commitments to CYA from Juvenile Court

Of 2,231 first commitments to CYA from juvenile court:

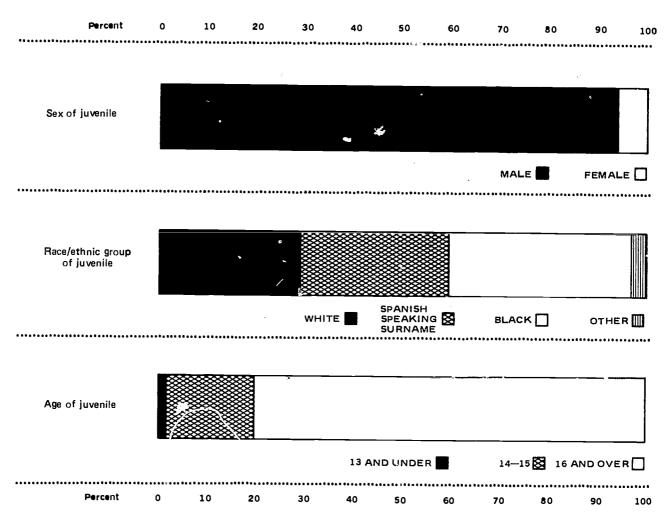
- Males accounted for 94.2 percent.
- Females accounted for 5.8 percent.
- Whites accounted for 29.2 percent.
- Spanish speaking surnamed persons accounted for 30.6 percent.
- Blacks accounted for 37.4 percent.
- Juveniles 13 and under accounted for 1.7 percent.
- Juveniles 14—15 accounted for 18.2 percent.
- Juveniles 16 and over accounted for 80.0 percent.





#### COMMITMENTS TO CYA FROM JUVENILE COURT, 1983, Statewide

By Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age



Note: Above racial/ethnic terms are those of the California Youth Authority.

Source: Table 19.



#### INCARCERATIONS

#### Detention

Juvenile Population in County Detention Facilities by Sex of Juvenile and Type of Facility

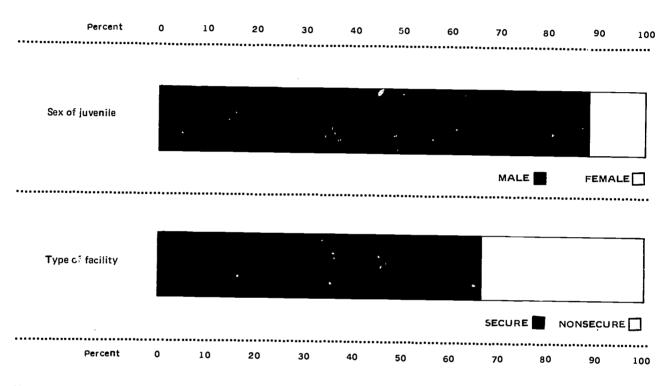
There were 7,542 juveniles held in county detention facilities on September 22, 1983.

- Males accounted for 88.5 percent of juverales in detention facilities.
- Females accounted for 11.5 percent of juveniles in detention facilities.
- Secure facilities housed 65.5 percent of the juveniles.
- Nonsecure facilities housed 34.5 percent of the juveniles.





# Chart 40 JUVENILE POPULATION IN COUNTY DETENTION FACILITIES, 1983, Statewide By Sex and Type of Facility



Note: The detention survey data were collected by a summary form and therefore did not reflect age category data. Source: Table 20.



# CASELDAD IN CALIFORNIA 1983

Status of Active Juvenile Cases on December 31, 1983 by Type of Supervision, Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age (Statewide)

There were 67,236 cases under supervision by the 58 county probation departments on December 31, 1983, including both juveniles incarcerated and on supervision status.

#### Of these:

- 6,999 (10.4 percent) were on informal supervision status.
- 1,132 (1.7 percent) were on non-ward supervision status.
- 59,105 (87.9 percent) were on formal supervision status.

Of the total probation department caseload:

- Males accounted for 84.8 percent.
- Females accounted for 15.2 percent.
- Whites (not Hispanic) accounted for 47.1 percent.
- Hispanics accounted for 26.0 percent.
- Blacks accounted for 21.5 percent.
- The 13 and under age group accounted for 11.3 percent.
- The 14—15 age group accounted for 33.4 percent.
- The 16 and over age group accounted for 55.3 percent.



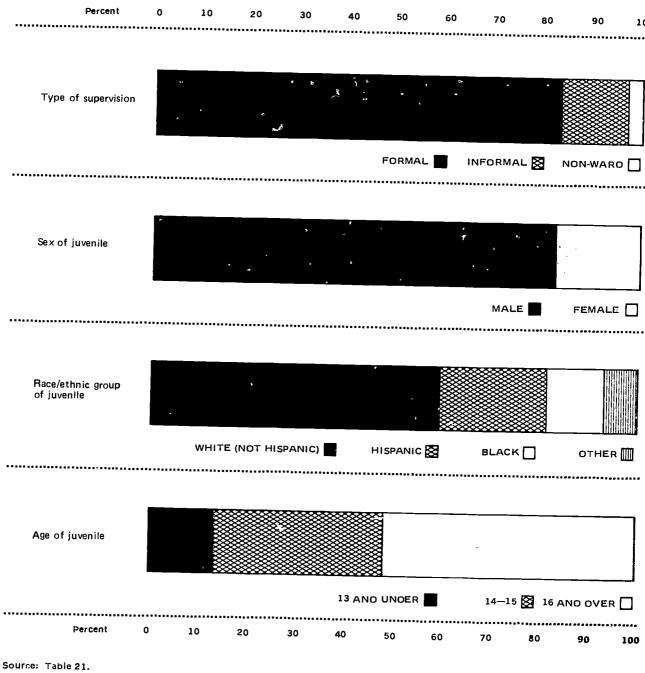
Most juveniles on active caseload status are males, 16 years of age and over who are on formal probation.





# STATUS OF ACTIVE JUVENILE CASES ON DECEMBER 31, 1983, Statewide

By Type of Supervision, Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age







# JUNEALE JUSTICE 1983

DATA SECTION





#### JUVENILE JUSTICE SYSTEM DATA LIMITATIONS

#### **Known Data Limitations**

- These data do not represent the total number of referral dispositions that occurred in 1982 since re-referral cases from all counties are not included. Re-referral information from Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara counties is reported to BCS on an incomplete basis and is too fragmented to be meaningful. The remaining 54 counties report information on the new Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System (JCPSS) and provide complete information on re-referrals. New referral information from all 58 counties is included.
- 2. In cases where a juvenile has multiple petitions filed for more than one offense, only the petition with the most serious offense is recorded. This accounts substantially for the differences between BCS counts and the statistics generated by the Administrative Office of the Courts, where the total number of petitions processed is counted.
- 3. The number of arrests reported to BCS as having been referred to probation by law enforcement agencies will not equal the number of referrals reported to BCS by probation departments. This discrepancy occurs because law enforcement agencies report the number of arrests referred to probation. Probation departments, on the other hand, report the number of cases referred. For example, if a juvenile has three arrests at the time of referral, the law enforcement agency will report three referrals to the probation department and the probation department will report one case. If the arrest involves a case on active supervision, the re-referral may not be reported (see item 1 above).

- 4. The number of new and re-referral dispositions will not equal the actual number of CYA commitments. BCS counts will be low, as complete re-referral dispositions are shown from only 54 counties. Additionally, the unit of count differs. CYA counts the actual number of juveniles received at intake and BCS counts the number of cases reported from each county jurisdiction. A juvenile may have been referred for offenses committed in multiple jurisdictions, yet represent only one CYA commitment.
- 5. Prior to 1982, new referrals included cases on informal probation (Section 654 of the Welfare and Institutions Code) at the time of referral. In 1982 and 1983, however, informal probation status cases at time of referral were counted as re-referrals and appear in the Re-Referral Section of this report.

#### **Data Collection**

New referral data in this 1983 report are based upon information reported to BCS by two different methods:

- 54 counties submitted data using the new JCPSS format.
- 4 counties (Alameda, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Santa Clara) submitted data using the Juvenile Justice Data Center format.



# JUVENILE JUSTICE IN CALIFORNIA 1983

#### JUVENILE JUSTICE GLOSSARY<sup>1</sup>

ARREST: "... taking a person into custody, in a case and in the manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person." (P.C. 834)

CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY (CYA): the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from justice, municipal, and superior courts.

CAMPS, RANCHES, HOMES, AND SCHOOLS: county-level juvenile correctional facilities for post-court treatment of juvenile offenders. These facilities are maintained by county probation departments.

**CHARGE:** a formal allegation that a specific person has committed a specific offense.

CLOSED AT INTAKE: a case closed by the probation department at the time the juvenile is referred to the department following an investigation of the juvenile's circumstances and nature of the alleged offense. No further action is taken.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE: this includes heroin, marijuana, amphetamines, barbiturates, and psychedelics.

COURT: an agency of the judicial branch of government, authorized or established by statute or constitution, having one or more judicial officers on its staff. A court has the authority to decide upon controversies in law and disputed matters of fact brought before it.

CRIME: "... an act committed or omitted in violation of a law forbidding or commanding it ...." (P.C. 15)

CYA: see California Youth Authority.

**DELINQUENT** ACTS: those acts described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 602 which involve violations by a juvenile of any law or ordinance defining crime, or the violation of a court order of the juvenile court.

**DELINQUENT TENDENCIES:** see Status Offense.

**DISMISS**AL: a decision by a judicial officer to terminate a case.

<sup>1</sup>These glossary terms are intended for this specific publication.

DISPOSITION — COURT: an action taken as the result of an appearance in court by a defendant. Examples would be: adults — dismissed, acquitted, or convicted and sentenced; juveniles — dismissed, transferred, remanded to adult court, placed on probation, or sentenced to the California Youth Authority.

DISPOSITION — POLICE: an action taken as the result of an arrest. Police dispositions include actions taken by prosecutors and account for a defendant's entry into lower or superior court or the juvenile justice system. Examples of a police disposition are: adults — released by law enforcement, referred to another jurisdiction, or a misdemeanor or felony complaint filed; juveniles — handled within the department, referred to another agency, or referred to the probation department or juvenile court. (Uniform Crime Reports)

**DRUGS:** see Controlled Substance.

FELONY: "...a crime which is punishable with death or by imprisonment in the state prison..." (P.C. 17)

INITIAL PETITION: a petition filed in juvenile court for a minor, who is currently not under active probation supervision or on parole from CYA, alleging that the minor has committed a delinquent act.

INTAKE DETERMINATION: the probation department disposition of a referral, usually "closed or transferred," "informal probation," "petition filed," or "prior status maintained."

JUVENILE: a person under the age of 18.

**JUVENILE COURT:** the court responsible for adjudicating juvenile offenders.

JUVENILE HALL: a county-operated facility used for temporary detention of juvenile offenders pending their court appearance, and in some instances, for short-term (up to 180 days) post-adjudication rehabilitative purposes.

LAW VIOLATIONS: those acts described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 602 which involve violations by a juvenile of any law or ordinance defined as a crime.



MISDEMEANOR: a crime punishable by imprisonment in a county jail, by a fine, or by both. Under certain conditions defined by Section 17 of the Penal Code, a felony crime can be treated as a misdemeanor.

MONTHLY ARREST AND CITATION REGISTER: a reporting system used to collect information on adult and juvenile arrests. The Arrest Register reports details which identify age, sex, and race/ethnic group characteristics of offenders and creates a link to subsequent court activity.

NEW REFERRAL: a juvenile who is not under current probation supervision or on CYA parole who is brought to the attention of the probation department for alleged behavior under Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 601 or 602.

NONSECURE FACILITY: shelter care, crisis resolution home, or counseling and educational centers.

OFFENSE: the charged offense is the offense for which the defendant was arrested or filed on by the district attorney. The convicted offense is the offense for which the defendant was convicted or for which he pled guilty in court. The sustained offense is the offense for which the juvenile court sustains a petition.

PAROLE: the supervision of an offender in the community after early release from a county jail or a state institution.

PETITION: the formal presentation to the juvenile court of information surrounding the alleged offense by a juvenile (similar to a criminal complaint for an adult).

PROBATION - FORMAL: a probation grant in which the minor is declared a ward of the juvenile court and placed on formal probation.

PROBATION - INFORMAL: supervision of a minor, in lieu of filing a petition, for a period not to exceed six months. The supervision is based on a contractual agreement between the probation officer and the minor's parents or guardian provided for under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 654.

PROBATION - NON-WARD: a probation grant without wardship from juvenile court for a specific time not to exceed six months as described under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 725a.

REMAND TO ADULT COURT: a juvenile at least 16 years of age is referred to adult court under provisions of Welfare and Institutions Code Section 707 because he is not "amenable" to the treatment available through the juvenile court.

REMOVAL: a case removed from the active caseload and no longer under the supervision of the probation department, or a case not removed but escalated to a more advanced level of supervision.

RE-REFERRAL: a juvenile who is actively under probation department supervision or CYA parole at the time of referral to a probation department for alleged delinquent behavior under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 601 or 602.

RE-REFERRALS CLOSED AT INTAKE: an intake disposition other than a petition filing made for a juvenile already on probation or parole at the time of referral to a probation department for a new arrest. The juvenile will revert to his prior probation or parole status.

SECURE FACILITY: a facility in which a juvenile is held behind a locked door, gate or fence, or in which some person is responsible for physically preventing the juvenile's escape or departure from the facility.

STATUS OFFENDER: a juvenile who has been adjudicated by a judicial officer of a juvenile court, as having committed a status offense, which is an act or conduct which is an offense only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile.

STATUS OFFENSE: an act or conduct, described by Welfare and Institutions Code Section 601, which is declared by statute to be an offense, but only when committed or engaged in by a juvenile, and which can be adjudicated only by a juvenile court.

SUBSEQUENT PETITION: a petition filed on behalf of a juvenile who is already under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

SUBSEQUENT REFERRAL: see Re-Referral.

TRANSFER: a disposition which transfers a juvenile to another agency within the county such as a welfare department, a health department, a legal aid society, etc. or referral to any agency outside the county including the probation departments of other counties.

YOUTH AUTHORITY: see California Youth Authority.



TABLE 1 JUVENILE ARREST TRENDS, 1980—1983 Level of Offense and Arrest Disposition Statewide

	198	30	198		19	82	19	83
Q Dispositio <b>n</b>	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	286,007	100.0	269,925	100.0	247,402	100.0	219,312	100.0
Felonies	97,376	34.0	93,027	34.5	84,436	34.1	71,188	32.5
Misdemeanors	158,235	55.3	149,445	55.4	138,925	56.2	125,607	57.3
Status offenses	30,306	10.6	27,453	10.2	24,041	9.7	22,517	10.3
Total	286,007	100.0	269,925	100.0	247,402	100.0	219,312	100.0
Handled within department	101,308	35.4	93,818	34.8	85,387	34.5	75,676	34.5
Turned over to other agency	3,223	1.1	3,295	1.2	2,629	1.1	2,577	1.2
Referred to probation department	181,476	63.5	172,808	64.0	159,386	64.4	141,059	64.3
Felony-level	97,376	100.0	93,027	100.0	84,436	100.0	71,188	100.0
Handled within department	22,736	23.3	21,977	23.6	18,708	22.2	14,856	20.9
Turned over to other agency	1,321	1.4	1,062	1.1	837	1.0	871	1.2
Referred to probation department	73,319	75.3	69,988	75.2	64,891	76.9	55,461	77.9
Misdemeanor-level	158,235	100.0	149,445	100.0	138,925	100.0	125,607	100.0
Handled within department	61,805	39.1	56,082	37.5	52,288	37.6	47,323	37.7
Turned over to other agency	1,337	.8	1,643	1.1	1,398	1.0	1,212	1.0
Referred to probation department	95,093	60.1	91,720	61.4	85,239	61.4	77,072	61.4
Status offenses	30,396	100.0	27,453	100.0	24,041	100.0	22,517	100.0
Handled within department	16,767	55.2	15,759	57.4	14,391	60.0	13,497	59.9
Turned over to other agency	565	1.9	594	2.2	394	1.6	494	2.2
Referred to probation department	13,064	43.0	11,100	40.4	9,256	38.5	8,526	37.9

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



TABLE 2 TRENDS IN NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1980-1983 Statewide

		1980		1981		1982		1983
Disposition	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total probation department	144,268 79,404	100.0	139,205	100.0	126,181	100.0	116,893	100.0
Informal probation	18,453 46,411	55.0 12.8 32.2	76,140 17,441 45,624	54.7 12.5 32.8	67,607 15,411 43,163	53.6 12.2 34.2	59,728 15,313 41,852	51.1 13.1 35.8
otal juvenile court	46,750 <sup>a</sup> 12,367 359 3,467 30,022 535	32.4 (100.0) 8.6 (26.5) .2 (.8) 2.4 (7.4) 20.8 (64.2) .4 (1.1)	45,624 11,053 375 2,770 30,805 621	32.8 (100.0) 7.9 (24.2) .3 (.8) 2.0 (6.1) 22.1 (67.5) .4 (1.4)	43,163 10,063 313 2,337 29,890 560	34.2 (100.0) 8.0 (23.3) .2 (.7) 1.9 (5.4) 23.7 (69.2) .4 (1.3)	41,852 8,921 212 2,122 30,097 500	35.8 (100 7.6 (21 .2 (, 1.3 (5, 25.7 (71,

a in 1980, there were 339 cases adjudicated from previous years' filings. Subsequent years' counts reflect those cases receiving a disposition in the same year as the filing. Includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Percents in parentheses are based on the number of new referrals disposed of in juvenile court only.

TABLE 3 TRENDS IN RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1980-1983 **54 Counties** 

	1980			1981		1982		1983		
Disposition	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number			
Total probation department	22,660	100.0	23,150	100.0	26,364	100.0	25,756	Percent		
Closed, transferred. Informal probation <sup>a</sup> Petition filed  Fotal juvenile court Dismissed, transferred Remanded to adult court Non-ward probation <sup>c</sup> Formal probation Committed to Youth Authority	5,741 — 16,919 16,919 <sup>b</sup> 2,390 156 146 13,228	25.3 	5,563 — 17,587 17,587 2,754 116 130 13,615 972	24.0  76.0 76.0 (100.0) 11.9 (15.7) .5 (.7) .6 (.7) 58.8 (77.4) 4.2 (5.5)	6,254 212 19,898 19,898 2,744 112 241 15,810 991	23.7 .8 .75.5 .75.5 (100.0) 10.4 (13.8) .4 (.6) .9 (1.2) 60.0 (79.5) 3.8 (5.0)	25,756 6,050 238 19,468 19,468 2,804 84 225 15,300 1,055	100.0 23.5 .9 75.6 75.6 (100. 10.9 (14. .3 (. .9 (1. 59.4 (78.)		

aData not available for 1980 and 1981.
b In 1980, there were 339 cases adjudicated from previous years' filings. Subsequent years' counts reflect those cases receiving a disposition in the same year as the filing.
c Includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and instititutions Code.
Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding. Percents in parentheses are based on the number of re-referrals disposed on in juvenile court only.



# TABLE 4 TRENDS IN STATUS OF ACTIVE JUVENILE CASES ON DECEMBER 31, 1980-1983 Statewide

		1980		1981		1982	1983		
Type of probation	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	57,910	100.0	54,609	100.0	60,612	100.0	67,236	100.0	
Informal	9,608 1,431 46,871	16.6 2.5 80.9	6,742 1,142 46,725	12.3 2.1 85.6	7,430 1,105 52,077	12.3 1.8 85.9	6,999 1,132 59,105	10.4 1.7 87.9	

# TABLE 5 JUVENILE ARREST TRENDS, 1974–1983 Number and Rate Per 100,000 Population at Risk

	Total juvenile population	Juvenile	arrests	Criminal	offense	Felony	offense	Misdemean	or offense	Status	offense
Year	10-17 years <sup>a</sup>	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1983	2,910,972 2,968,985 3,022,817 3,040,176 3,006,736 3,043,156 3,089,866 3,128,168 3,170,868 3,183,040	219,312 247,402 269,925 286,007 297,507 286,512 313,955 353,752 370,950 408,131	7,534.0 8,332.9 8,929.6 9,407.6 9,894.7 9,415.0 10,160.8 11,308.6 11,698.7 12,822.0	196,795 223,361 242,472 255,611 266,705 255,246 272,016 272,016 284,813 300,233	6,760.5 7,523.1 8,021.4 8,407.8 8,870.2 8,387.5 8,803.5 8,695.7 8,982.2 9,432.3	71,188 84,436 93,027 97,376 101,165 100,690 102,254 103,003 127,842 134,517	2,445.5 2,843.9 3,077.5 3,203.0 3,364.6 3,308.7 3,309.3 3,292.8 4,031.8 4,226.1	125,607 138,925 149,445 158,235 165,540 154,556 169,762 169,987 156,971	4,315.0 4,679.2 4,943.9 5,204.8 5,505.6 5,078.8 5,494.2 5,434.1 4,950.4 5,206.2	22,517 24,041 27,453 30,396 30,802 31,266 41,939 80,762 86,137 107,898	773.5 809.7 908.2 999.8 1,024.4 1,027.4 1,357.3 2,581.8 2,716.5 3,389.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Compiled from Department of Finance data.

TABLE 6
TRENDS IN JUVENILE JUSTICE, 1974—1983
Number and Rate Per 100,000 Population at Risk

						None	oformal		War	dship declarations	1		
	Total juvenile population	Juvenile	Juvenile arrests		venile arrests New referrals		New referral petitions filed		Total		Remands	· · ·	
Year	10-17 years <sup>a</sup>	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	to adult court	Wardship	CYA	
1983 1982 1981 1980	2,910,972 2,968,985 3,022,817 3,040,176 3,006,736	219,312 247,402 269,925 286,007 297,507	7,534.0 8,332.9 8,929.6 9,407.6 9,894.7	116,893 126,181 139,205 144,268 145,863	4,015.6 4,250.0 4,605.1 4,745.4 4,851.2	41,852 43,163 45,624 46,411 46,444	1,437.7 1,453.8 1,509.3 1,526.6 1,544.7	30,809 30,763 31,801 30,916 29,951	1,058.4 1,036.1 1,052.0 1,016.3 996.1	212 313 375 359 361	30,097 29,890 30,805 30,022 29,120	500 560 621 535 470	
1978 1977 1976 1975	3,043,156 3,059,866 3,128,168 3,170,868 3,183,040	286,512 313,955 353,752 370,950 408,131	9,415.0 10,160.8 11,308.6 11,698.7 12,822.0	142,975 149,215 161,170 163,621 178,332	4,698.2 4,829.2 5,152.2 5,160.1 5,602.6	48,054 52,530 48,981 52,117 53,724	1,579.1 1,700.1 1,565.8 1,643.6 1,687.8	29,044 30,329 28,167 30,448 32,007	954.4 981.6 900.4 960.2 1,005.5	584 544 518 667 666	27,981 29,336 27,321 29,390 31,004	479 449 328 391 337	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Compiled from Department of Finance data.





# TABLE 7 JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 Arrest Offense by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age

			Sex				<u> </u>	Race/ethnic group						Age						
		otai		ale	Fem	ale	Wh (not Hi	ite spanic)	Hisp	anic	Bla	ck	Othe unkno		13 a		14-	-15	16 a	
Arrest offense	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num-	Pe
Total	219,312	100.0	173,238	79.0	46,074	21.0	118,718	54.1	55,394	25.3	37,238		7,962	3.6	39,557	18.0	71,988	32.8	ber 107,767	ce 49
Felony-level	71,188	100.0	63,266	88.9	7,922	11.1	32,450	45.6	18,766	26.4	17,555	24.7	2417	2.4	10.700		1			
Homicide	286	100.0	259	90.6	27	9.4	56		124		96	33.6	2,417	3.4	12,796	18.0	23,846	33.5	34,546	48
Manslaughter-vehicular	18	100.0	16	88.9	2	11.1	9	50.0	5	27.8	3	16.7	'0	3.5 5.6	6 0	2.1	73	25.5	207	7
Forcible rape	581	100.0	576	99.1	5	.9	160	27.5	162		242	41.7	17	2.9		.0	3	16.7	15	8
Robbery	5,367	100.0	4,871	90.8	496	9.2	951	17.7	1,237	23.0	3,007	56.0	172	3.2	77	13.3	181	31.2	323	5
Assault		100.0	5,184	87.8	718	12.2	2,194	37.2	1,802		1,650	28.0	256	3.2 4.3	846	15.8	1,763	32.8	2,758	5
Burglary	27,834	100.0	24,919	89.5	2,915	10.5	14,005		7,220	25.9	5,596	20.1	1,013		1,069	18.1	1,800	30.5	3,033	5
Theft	10,447	100.0	9,412	90.1	1,035	9.9	4,970	47.6	2.689	25.7	2,495	23.9	293	3.6 2.8	6,498	23.3	9,866	35.4	11,470	4
Motor vehicle theft	5,974	100.0	5,329	89.2	645	10.8	2,670	44.7	1,588	26.6	1,525	25.5	191	3.2	1,667	16.0	3,626	34.7	5,154	4
Forgery, checks, credit cards	771	100.0	453	58.8	318	41.2	498	64.6	129	16.7	120	15.6	24	3.1	560	9.4	2,154	36.1	3,260	5
Arson	767	100.0	691	90.1	76	9.9	508	66.2	136	17.7	99	12.9	24	3.1	71 389	9.2	250	32.4	450	5
Narcotics	1,215	100.0	916	75.4	299	24.6	670	55.1	312		206	17.0	27	2,2		50.7	238	31.0	140	18
Marijuana	2,846	100.0	2,566	90.2	280	9.8	1,258	44.2	702	24.7	823	28.9	63	2.2	64	5.3	278	22.9	873	7
Dangerous drugs	1,811	100.0	1,350	74.5	461	25.5	922	50.9	552	30.5	301	16.6	36		194	6.8	831	29.2	1,821	64
Other drug law violations	232	100.0	161	69.4	71	30.6	129	55.6	78	33.6	21	9.1	4	2.0 1.7	122	6.7	459	25.3	1,230	6
All other	7,137	100.0	6,563	92.0	574	8.0	3,450	48.3	2,030	28.4	1,371	19.2	286	4.0	26 1,207	11.2	71	30.6	135	58
Misdemeanor-level	125,607	100.0	97,456	77.6	28,151	22.4	71 404	50.0						4.0	1,207	16.9	2,253	31.6	3,677	51
Assault and battery	11,447		9,000	78.6	26,151	22.4 21.4	71,484	56.9	31,870	25.4	17,241	13.7	5,012	4.0	23,099	18.4	38,651	30.8	63,857	50
Petty theft	38,207		25,560	66.9		-	5,906	51.6	2,618	22.9	2,465	21.5	458	4.0	2,352	20.5	3,868	33.8	5,227	45
Other theft		100.0	669	89.1	12,647	33.1	19,751	51.7	8,676	22.7	7,400	19.4	2,380	6.2	12,008	31.4	13,192	34.5	13,007	34
Checks and credit cards		100.0	41	67.2	82 20	10.9	449	59.8	172	22.9	109	14.5	21	2.8	81	10.8	254	33.8	416	55
Marijuana	10,134		8,693	85.8	1,441	32.8	39	63.9	7	11.5	12	19.7	3	4.9	6	9.8	19	31.1	36	59
Other drug law violations	3,745		2,879	76.9	866	14.2 23.1	6,248	61.7	2,358	23.3	1,300	12.8	228	2.2	1,063	10.5	3,545	35.0	5,526	54
Weapons	1,346		1,228	91.2		,	723	19.3	2,676	71.5	289	7.7	57	1.5	121	3.2	900	24.0	2,724	72
Driving under the influence.	4,064		3,504	86.2	118 560	8.8	435	32.3	485	36.0	365	27.1	61	4.5	179	13.3	453	33.7	714	53
Drunk	7,688		6,219	80.9	1,469	13.8	2,752	67.7	1,184	29.1	55	1.4	73	1.8	13	.3	212	5.2	3,839	94
Disturbing the peace	4,112		3,252	79.1	860	19.1	4,325	56.3	2,792	36.3	292	3.8	279	3.6	344	4.5	2,094	27.2	5,250	68
Glue sniffing	•	100.0	795	83.0	163	17.0	1,948	47.4	1,244	30.3	742	18.0	178	4.3	682	16.6	1,462	35.6	1,968	47
Malicious mischief		100.0	580	95.6	27	4.4	158	16.5	727	75.9	37	3.9	36	3.8	120	12.5	406	42.4	432	45
Vandalism	7,327		6,549	89.4	778	10.6	319	52.6	148	24.4	118	19.4	22	3.6	76	12.5	196	32.3	335	55
Liquor law violations	10,816		8,227	76.1	2,589	23.9	4,858 8,257	66.3	1,569	21.4	715	9.8	185	2.5	2,686	36.7	2,184	29.8	2,457	33
Joy riding	1,319		1,017	77.1	302	22.9	8,257 991	76.3	2,018	18.7	322	3.0	219	2.0	230	2.1	2,160	20.0	8,426	77
All other	23,025		19,243	83.6	_	16.4	14,325	75.1	231	17.5	58	4.4	39	3.0	195	14.8	675	51.2	449	34
			•	ł	•	10.4	14,320	62.2	4,965	21.6	2,962	12.9	773	3.4	2,943	12.8	7,031	30.5	13,051	56
status offenses	22,517		12,516	55.6	10,001	44.4	14,784	65.7	4,758	21.1	2,442	10.8	533	2.4	3,662	16.3	9,491	أووير	0.264	
Runaway	8,465		3,384	40.0	-	60.0	6,043	71.4	1,276	15.1	910	10.8	236	2.8	1,838	21.7	•	42.2	•	41
Truancy	3,077		•	70.0		30.0	2,070	67.3	685	22.3	262	8.5	60	1.9	283	9.2	• • •	46.4		31
Curfew	6,403		•	72.1	1,784	27.9	3,803	59.4	1,963	30.7	496	7.7	141	2.2	592	9.2	-	44.9		45
Incorrigible	3,251		1,647	50.7	1,604	49.3	1,996	61.4	595	18.3		18,1	70	2.2		21.8		34.4		56
All other	1,321	100.0	713	54.0	608	46.0		66.0	239	18.1		13.9	26	2.0		18.2	•	44.5		33
lote: Percents may not add to 1	100.0 beca	use of r	ounding.						L					2.0		10.2		40.3	<u>549</u>	41.
	11	Ω																		
	TT	U															7 '	11		



# TABLE 8 JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983 Arrest Offense by Type of Disposition

	То	tal	Hand within de	led partment	Turne to othe	d over r agency	Referred to probation department		
Arrest offense	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percen	
otal	219,312	100.0	75,676	34.5	2,577	1.2	141,059	64.3	
elony-level	71,188	100.0	14,856	20.9	871	1.2	55,461	77.9	
Homicide	286	100.0	29	10.1	6	2.1	251	87.8	
Manslaughter-vehicular	18	100.0	1	5.6	0	.0	17	94.4	
Forcible rape	581	100.0	69	11.9	5	.9	507	87.3	
Robbery	5,367	100.0	710	13.2	47	.9	4,610	85.9	
Assault	5,902	100.0	1.082	18.3	38	.6	4,782	81.0	
	27,834	100.0	6,050	21.7	195	.7	21,589	77.6	
Burglary	10,447	100.0	2,717	26.0	187	1.8	7,543	72.2	
Theft	5,974	100.0	1.042	17.4	213	3.6	4,719	79.0	
Motor vehicle theft	771	100.0	140	18.2	13	1.7	618	80.2	
Forgery, checks, credit cards	767	100.0	230	30.0	38	5.0	499	65.1	
Arson			289	23.8	12	1,0	914	75.2	
Narcotics	1,215	100.0	465	16.3	15	.5	2,366	83.1	
Marijuana	2,846	100.0			11	.6	1,393	76.9	
Dangerous drugs	1,811	100.0	407	22.5	4	.o 1.7	150	64.	
Other drug law violations	232	100.0	78	33.6	l '			77.	
All other	7,137	100.0	1,547	21.7	87	1.2	5,503		
isdemeanor-level	125,607	100.0	47,323	37.7	1,212	1.0	77,072	61.4	
Assault and battery	11,447	100.0	3,117	27.2	43	.4	8,287	72.	
Petty theft	38,207	100.0	16,489	43.2	182	.5	21,536	56.	
Other theft	751	100.0	297	39.5	5	.7	449	59.8	
Checks and credit cards	61	100.0	18	29.5	0	.0	43	70.	
	10.134	100.0	3,948	39.0	71	.7	6,115	60.	
Marijuana	3,745	100.0	708	18.9	18	.5	3,019	80.0	
Other drug law violations	1,346	100.0	427	31.7	9	.7	910	67.6	
Weapons	4.064	100.0	524	12.9	194	4.8	3,346	82.	
Driving under the influence		100.0	2.994	38.9	80	1.0	4,614	60.	
Drunk	7,688		1,659	40.3	15	.4	2,438	59.	
Disturbing the peace	4,112	100.0	- •	22.4	6	.6	737	76.9	
Glue sniffing	958	100.0	215	34.1	4	.0 .7	396	65.	
Malicious mischief	607	100.0	207		24	.3	4,394	60.0	
Vandalism	7,327	100.0	2,909	39.7		.s .9	5.776	53.	
Liquor law violations	10,816	100.0	4,939	45.7	101		1		
Joy riding	1,319	100.0	477	36.2	16	1.2	826	62.0	
All other	23,925	100.0	8,395	36.5	444	1.9	14,186	61.6	
tatus offenses	22,517	100.0	13,497	59.9	494	2.2	8,526	37.9	
Runaway	8,465	100.0	5,287	62.5	303	3.6	2,875	34.0	
Truancy	3,077	100.0	2,450	79.6	57	1.9	570	18.	
Curfew	6,403	100.0	4,447	69.5	52	.8	1,904	29.	
Incorrigible	3,251	100.0	876	26.9	17	.5	2,358	72.	
All other	1,321	100.0	437	33.1	65	4.9	l 819	62.	

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



TABLE 9
JUVENILE ARRESTS, 1983
Disposition by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age

				S	ex				R	ce/ethn	ic group						A	je		
		otal		ale	Fem	nale	(not Hi		Hisp	anic	Bla	ck	Othe unkno		13 a		14-		16 a	
Disposition	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num-	Per- cent
Total	219,312		173,238	100.0	46,074	100.0	118,718	100.0	55,394	100.0	37,238	100.0	7,962	100.0	39,557	100.0	71,988		107,767	
Handled within department.	75,676	34.5	56,313	32.5	19,363	42.0	45,491	38.3	17,423	31.5	10.019	26.9	2,743	34.5	17,322		25.665			
Turned over to other agency.	2,577	1.2	2,015	1.2	562	1.2	1,319	1.1	796	1.4	391	1.0	71	.9	306	.8	802		32,689	
Referred to probation department	141,059	64.3	114,910	66.3	26,149	56.8	71,908	60.6	37,175	67.1	26,828	72.0		64.7	21,929	.6 55.4	45,521	1.1 63.2	1,469 73,609	
Felony-level	71,188	100.0	63,266	100.0	7,922	100.0	32,450	100.0	18,765	4000	47.555									
Handled within department.	14,856	20.9	12,910	20.4	1,946	24.6	7.779	24.0	3.802	100.0	17,555		2,417		12,796	4	23,846	100.0	34,546	100.0
Turned over to other agency.	871	1.2	758	1.2	113	1.4	397	1.2	,	20.3	2,771	15.8	504	20.9	3,933	30.7	4,916	20.6	6,007	17.4
Referred to probation department	55,461	.77.9	49,598	78.4	5,863	74.0	24,274	74.8	242 14,722	1.3 78.4	202 14,582	1.2 83.1	30 1,883	1.2 77.9	106 8,757	.8 68.4	291 18,639	1.2 78.2	474 28,065	1.4 81.2
Misdemeanor-level	125,607	100.0	97,456	100.0	28,151	100.0	71,484	100.0	31,870	100.0	17,241	100.0	5,012	100.0	00.000	400.0				
Handled within department.	47,323	37.7	35,624	36.6	11,699	41.6	28,652	40.1	10.716	33.6	6.046	35.1	1,909		23,099		38,651	i	63,857	
Turned over to other agency.	1,212	1.0	1,013	1.0	199	.7	581	.8	475	1.5	124	.7	•	38.1	11,220	48.6	15,132		20,971	32.8
Referred to probation department	77,072	61.4	60,819	62.4	16,253	57.7	42,251	59.1	20,679	64.9	11,071	64.2	32 3,071	.6 61.3	110 11,769	.5 51.0	320 23,199	.8 60.0	782 42,104	1.2 65.9
Status offenses	22,517	100.0	12,516	100 0	10,001	100.0	14,784	100.0	4 750					]				]		
Handled within department.	13,497	59.9	7,779	62.2	5.718	57.2	9.060	61.3	4,758		2,442			0.001	3,662		9,491	100.0	9,364	100.0
Turned over to other agency.	494	2.2	244	1.9	250	2.5	341	2.3	2,905	61.1	1,202	49.2		61.9	2,169	59.2	5,617	59.2	5,711	61.0
Referred to probation department	8,526	37.9	4,493	35.9	4,033	40.3	5.383	36.4	79 1,774	37.3	65 1.175	2.7	9	1.7	90	2.5	191	2.0	213	2.3
Note: Percents may not add to 3	10005	<u> </u>	•					30.7	1,774	37.3	1,175	48.1	194	36.4	1,403	38.3	3,683	38.8	3,440	36.7

#### TABLE 10 NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983 Referral Offense by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age Statewide

					Se	×				Ra	ce/ethn	ic group						Ag	е		
		To	tal	Ma	le	Fem	ale	Whi (not His		Hispa	nic	Blad	ck	Othe urkno		13 aı und		14	15	16 a	
Referral of	fense	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	F
Total		116,893	100.0	90,400	77.3	26,493	22.7	62,986	53.9	26,469	22.6	18,206	15.6	9,232	7.9	17,771	15.2	36,095	30.9	63,027	
Felony-level		46,643	100.0	40,080	85.9	6,563	14.1	22,859	49.0	11,298	24.2	9,464	20.3	3,022	6.5	7,309	15.7	14,791	31.7	24,543	
		166	100.0	128	77.1	38	22.9	61	36.7	56	33.7	35	21.1	14	8.4	9	5.4	36	21.7	121	
Manslaughte	r-vehicular	27	100.0	25	92.6	2	7.4	19	70.4	5	18.5	3	11.1	0	.0	0	.0	3	11.1	24	
Forcible rape	3	366	100.0	361	98.6	5	1.4	121	33.1	102	27.9	123	33.6	20	5.5	46	12.6	127	34.7	193	
		2,963	100.0	2,619	88.4	344	11.6	613	20.7	679	22.9	1,513	51.1	158	5.3	478	16.1	962	32.5	1,523	
		3,717	100.0	3,148	84.7	569	15.3	1,514	40.7	1,028	27.7	894	24.1	281	7.6	561	15.1	1,104	29.7	2,052	
		18,108	100.0	16,035	88.6	2,073	11.4	9,574	52.9	4,300	23.7	2,978	16.4	1,256	6.9	3,631	20.1	6,121	33.8	8,356	
		8,970	100.0	7,378	82.3	1,592	17.7	4,245	47.3	2,229	24.8	1,928	21.5	568	6.3	1,221	13.6	2,908	32.4	4,841	
	e theft	3,226	100.0	2,789	86.5	437	13.5	1,713	53.1	714	22.1	576	17.9	223	6.9	263	8.2	1,100	34.1	1,863	
	cks, credit cards		100.0	368	54.8	304	45.2	438	65.2	102	15.2	89	13.2	43	6.4	50	7.4	182	27.1	440	
			100.0	445	90.3	48	9.7	339	68.8	76	15.4	52	10.5	26	5.3	233	47.3	157	31.8	103	
			100.0	425	71.1	173	28.9	374	62.5	159	26.6	42	7.0	23	3.8	19	3.2	122	20.4	457	
		2,302	100.0	2,023	87.9	279	12.1	1,269	55.1	438	19.0	499	21.7	96	4.2	139	6.0	575	25.0	1,588	
•	rugs	,	100.0	684	69.0	308	31.0	563	56.8	247	24.9	138	13.9	44	4.4	49	4.9	225	22.7	718	
	w violations		100.0	64	67.4	31	32.6	66	69.5	13	13.7	5	5.3	11	11.6	, 9	9.5	31	32.6	55	
		3,948		3,588	90.9	360	9.1	1,950	49.4	1,150	29.1	589	14.9	259	6.6	601	15.2	1,138	28.8	2,209	
Misdemeanor-le	evel	62,864	100.0	46,928	74.6	15,936	25.3	35,531	56.5	13,811	22.0	8,024	12.8	5,498	8.7	9,396	14.9	17,982	28.6	35,486	
Assault and i	battery	7,780	100.0	5,732	73.7	2,048	26.3	4,135	53.1	1,605	20.6	1,497	19.2	543	7.0	1,362	17.5	2,515	32.3	3,903	
Petty theft		17,113	100.0	10,920	63.8	6,193	36.2	9,018	52.7	3,455	20.2	2,862	16.7	1,778	10.4	4,267	24.9	5,901	34.5	6,945	
		379	100.0	313	82.6	66	17.4	203	53.6	102	26.9	54	14.2	20	5.3	40	10.6	125	33.0	214	
Checks and o	redit cards	30	100.0	18	60.0	12	40.0	22	73.3	4	13.3	3	10.0	1	3.3	4	13.3	6	20.0	20	
Marijuana		3,911	100.0	3,284	84.0	627	16.0	2,460	62.9	802	20.5	414	10.6	235	6.0	350	8.9	1,190	30.4	2,371	
•	w violations	1,288	100.0	873	67.8	415	32.2	359	27.9	797	61.9	79	6.1	53	4.1	49	3.8	275	21.4	964	
Weapons		740	100.0	667	90.1	73	9.9	245	33.1	286	38.6	174	23.5	35	4.7	75	10.1	235	31.8	430	
	r the influence.	2,256	100.0	1,924	85.3	332	14.7	1,457	64.6	589	26.1	24	1.1	186	8.2	3	.1	90	4.0	2,163	
Drunk		3,384	100.0	2,587	76.4	797	23.6	1,963	58.0	1,044	30.9	130	3.8	247	7.3	125	3.7	855	25.3	2,404	
	ne peace	'	100.0	1,575	74.6	536	25.4	1,044	49.5	550	26.1	314	14.9	203	9.6	270	12.8	716	33.9	1,125	
-	1	394	100.0	304	77.2	90	22.8	63	16.0	284	72.1	10	2.5	37	9.4	55	14.0	152	38.6	187	
	schief	360	100.0	345	95.8	15	4.2	167	46.4	104	28.9	63	17.5	26	7.2	49	13.6	110	30.6	201	
		4,187	100.0	3,697	88.3	490	11.7	2,656	63.4	849	20.3	385	9.2	297	7.1	1,263	30.2	1,235	29.5	1,689	)
	iolations	5,779	100.0	4,326	74.9	1,453	25.1	4,090	70.8	958	16.6	134	2.3	597	10.3	117	2.0	916	15.9	4,746	
			100.0	474	73.4	172	26.6	490	75.9	90	13.9	29	4.5	37	5.7	74	11.5	320	49.5	252	
		12,506		9,889	79.1	2,617	20.9	7,159	57.2	2,292	18.3	1,852	14.8	1,203	9.6	1,293	10.3	3,341	26.7	7,872	
Status offenses		7,386	100.0	3,392	45.9	3,994	54.1	4,596	62.2	1,360	18.4	718	9.7	712	9.6	1,066	14.4	3,322	45.0	2,998	
		2,600	100.0	843	32.4	1,757	67.6	1,845	71.0	384	14.8	247	9.5	124	4.8	389	15.0	1,242		969	
•		, ,	100.0	505	51.2	482	48.8	563	57.0	223	22.6	50	5.1	151	15.3	169	17.1	548	55.5	270	
•			100.0	1,034	69.3	457	30.7	742	49.8	346	23.2	93	6.2	310	20.8	112	7.5	467	31.3	912	
		1 '	100.0	1,002	43.6	1,294	56.4	1,441	62.8	400	17.4	328	14.3	127	5.5	396	17.2	1,060	46.2	840	
-		12	100.0	8	66.7	4	33.3	5	41.7	7	58.3	0	.0	0	.0	0	.0	5	41.7	7	ٔ !
		i		<u> </u>		1		<u></u>				L		L		11		1		<u> </u>	_



#### TABLE 11 NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983 Referral Offense by Probation Department Disposition Statewide

	To	otal		sed, ierred	Infor proba		Petit file	
New referral offense	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	- Percei
Total	116,893	100.0	59,728	51.1	15,313	13.1	41,852	35.8
Felony-level	46,643	100.0	14,651	31.4	5,775	12.4	26,217	FC 5
Homicide	166	100.0	32	19.3	6	3.6	128	56.2 77.1
Manslaughter-vehicular	27	100.0	4	14.8	Ö	.0	23	
Forcible rape	366	100.0	102	27.9	7	.0 1.9	257	85.2
Robbery	2,963	100.0	528	17.8	141	4.8	2.294	70.2
Assault	3,717	100.0	1,033	27.8	334	9.0	2,294	77.4
Burglary	18,108	100.0	4,339	24.0	2.677	14.8	11.092	63.2
Theft	8,970	100.0	3,666	40.9	1,215	13.5	1	61.3
Motor vehicle theft	3,226	100.0	1,201	37.2	294	9.1	4,089	45.6
Forgery, checks, credit cards	672	100.0	174	25.9	102	15.2	1,731	53.7
Arson	493	100.0	191	38.7	82		396	58.9
Narcotics	598	100.0	236	39.5	67	16.6	220	44.6
Marijuana	2.302	100.0	981	42.6	268	11.2	295	49.3
Dangerous drugs	992	100.0	465	46.9		11.6	1,053	45.7
Other drug law violations	95	100.0	26		126	12.7	401	40.4
All other	3,948	100.0	1,673	27.4 42.4	25 431	26.3 10.9	44 1,844	46.3
flisdemeanor-level	62,864	100.0	39.036	62.1			-	46.7
Assault and battery	7,780	100.0	3,629	46.6	8,901	14.2	14,927	23.7
Petty theft	17,113	100.0	11,004		1,212	15.6	2,939	37.8
Other theft	379	100.0	244	64.3	2,850	16.7	3,259	19.0
Checks and credit cards	30	100.0	13	64.4	52	13.7	83	21.9
Marijuana	3.911	100.0	2.604	43.3	2	6.7	15	50.0
Other drug law violations	1,288	100.0	•	66.6	921	23.5	386	9.9
Weapons	740	100.0	572	44.4	175	13.6	541	42.0
Driving under the influence	2,256	100.0	333	45.0	139	18.8	268	36.2
Drunk	3.384		521	23.1	55	2.4	1,680	74.5
Disturbing the peace	•	100.0	2,230	65.9	477	14.1	677	20.0
Glue sniffing	2,111 394	100.0	1,445	68.4	338	16.0	328	15.5
Malicious mischief		100.0	228	57.9	55	14.0	111	28.2
Vandalism	360	100.0	182	50.6	55	15.3	123	34.2
Liquor law violations	4,187	100.0	2,392	57.1	742	17.7	1,053	25.1
Joy riding	5,779	100.0	4,724	81.7	687	11.9	368	6.4
All other	646	100.0	345	53.4	118	18.3	183	28.3
	12,506	100.0	8,570	68.5	1,023	8.2	2,913	23.3
tatus offenses	7,386	100.0	6,041	81.8	637	8.6	708	0.6
Runaway	2,600	100.0	2.306	88.7	61	2.3	233	9.6
Truancy	987	100.0	449	45.5	316	32.0		9.0
Curfew	1,491	100.0	1,419	95.2	67	4.5	222	22.5
Incorrigible	2,296	100.0	1,859	81.0	193		5	.3
All other	12	100.0	8	66.7	0	8.4 .0	244	10.6
ote: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of	rounding.						4	33.3
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						]	L19	
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<sub>~</sub> 118								



### TABLE 12 NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983 Referral Offense by Juvenile Court Disposition Statewide

otal		issed/ ferred	Remand adult d		Non- prob		For proba		Commi Youth A	
Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent_	Number	Percent
100.0	8,921	21.3	212	.5	2,122	5.1	30,097	71.9	500	1.2
100.0	5,055	19.3	188	.7	986	3.8	19,548	74.6	440	1.7
100.0	31	24.2	28	21.9	1	.8	22	17.2	46	35.9
100.0	3	13.⁄3	0	.0	3	13.0	14	60.9	3	13.0
100.0	70	27.2	15	5.8	8	3.1	149	58.0	15	5.8
100.0	481	21.0	31	1.4	37	1.6	1,643	71.6	102	4.4
100.0	531	22.6	26	1,1	78	3.3	1,643	69.9	72	3.1
100.0	1,781	16.1	32	.3	423	3.8	8,759	79.0	97	.9
100.0	907	22.2	11	.3	167	4.1	2,968	72.6	36	.9
100.0	430	24.8	6	.3	68	3.9	1,215	70.2	12	.7
100.0	72	18.2	3	.8	22	5.6	294	74.2	5	1.3
100.0	36	16.4	2	.9	10	4.5	170	77.3	2	.9
100.0	74	25.1	4	1.4	23	7.8	186	63.1	8	2.7
100.0	140	13.3	2	.2	46	4.4	858	81.5	7	.7
100.0	105	26.2	3	.7	20	5.0	265	66.1	8	2.0
100.0	9	20.4	0	.0	0	.0	34	77.3	1	2.3
100.0	385	20.9	25	1.4	80	4.3	1,328	72.0	26	1.4
100.0	3,664	24.5	24	.2	1,114	7.5	10,065	67.4	60	.4
100.0	764	26.0	5	.2	210	7.1	1,949	66.3	11	.4
100.0	760	23.3	3	.1	247	7.6	2,247	68.9	2	.1
100.0	22	26.5	1	1.2	4	4.8	56	67.5	0	.0
100.0	3	20.0	0	.0	0	.0	12	80.0	0	.0
100.0	105	27.2	0	.0	24	6.2	257	66.6	0	.0
100.0	102	18.9	0	.0	9	1.7	416	76.9	14	2.6
100.0	48	17.9	0	.0	11	4.1	204	76.1	5	1.9
100.0	232	13.8	6	.4	199	11.8	1,243	74.0	0	.0
100.0	169	25.0	3	.4	42	6.2	462	68.2	1	.1
100.0	87	26.5	0	.0	35	10.7	206	62.8	0	.0
100.0	23	20.7	0	.0	3	2.7	85	76.6	0	.0
100,0	35	28.5	l o	.0	l 6	4.9	81	65.9	1 1	.8
100.0	316	30.0	l ō	.0	82	7.8	654	62.1	1	.1
100.0	120	32.6	l ō	.0	25	5.8	223	60.6	1 0	.0
100.0	38	20.8	l ō	.0	22	12.0	123	67.2	0	.0
100.0	840	28.8	6	.2	195	6.7	1,847	63.4	25	.9
100.0	202	28.5	0	.0	22	3.1	434	68.4	۱ ،	.0
100.0	78	33.5	ا o	.0	3	1.3	152	65.2	Ō	.0
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	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	100.0 2 100.0 56	100.0 2 40.0 100.0 56 23.0	100.0 2 40.0 0 100.0 56 23.0 0	100.0 2 40.0 0 .0 100.0 56 23.0 0 .0	100.0 2 40.0 0 .0 0 100.0 56 23.0 0 .0 3	100.0     2     40.0     0     .0     0     .0       100.0     56     23.0     0     .0     3     1.2	100.0     2     40.0     0     .0     0     .0     3       100.0     56     23.0     0     .0     3     1.2     185	100.0     2     40.0     0     .0     0     .0     3     60.0       100.0     56     23.0     0     .0     3     1.2     185     75.8	100.0         2         40.0         0         .0         0         .0         3         60.0         0           100.0         56         23.0         0         .0         3         1.2         185         75.8         0

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



#### TABLE 13 NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983 Disposition by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age Statewide

				Se	x				Ra	ce/ethn	ic group						Ag	je		
	То	tal	Ma	ile	Fem	ale	Whi (not His		Hispa	nic	Blac	ck	Othe unkno		13 a		14-	-15	16 a	
Disposition	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per cen
otal probation department	116,893	100.0	90,400	77.3	26,493	22.7	62,986	53.9	26,469	22.6	18,206	15.6	9,232	7.9	17,771	15.2	36,095	30.9	63,027	
Closed, transferred	59,728 15,313 41,852	100.0	43,508 12,022 34,870	72.8 78.5 83.3	16,220 3,291 6,982	27.2 21.5 16.7	32,526 9,496 20,964	54.5 62.0 50.1	12,862 3,446 10,160	21.5 22.5 24.3	8,590 1,630 7,986	14.4 10.6 19.1	5,749 741 2,742	9.6 4.8 6.6	9,956 3,385 4,430	16.7 22.1 10.6	17,906 5,712 12,477	30.0 37.3	31,866 6,216	53 40
tal juvenile court	212 2,122	100.0 100.0	34,870 7,090 192 1,709 25,427	83.3 79.5 90.6 80.5 84.5	6,982 1,831 20 413 4,670	16.7 20.5 9.4 19.5 15.5	20,964 4,630 69 1,448 14,652	50.1 51.9 32.5 68.2 48.7	10,160 2,059 62 335 7,569	24.3 23.1 29.2 15.8 25.1	7,986 1,682 57 231 5,840	19.1 18.9 26.9 10.9 19.4	2,742 550 24 108 2,036	6.6 6.2 11.3 5.1 6.8	4,430 874 0 221 3,323	10.6 9.8 .0 10.4 11.0	12,477 12,477 2,182 4 567 9,643	29.8 29.8 24.5 1.9 26.7	24,945 24,945 5,865 208 1,334	59 65 98 62
Authority	500	100.0	452	90.4	48	9.6	165	33.0	135	27.0	176	35.2	24	4.8	12	2.4	9,043	32.0 16.2	17,131 407	56 81

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

#### TABLE 14 NEW REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983 Disposition by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age Statewide

	T		<del>-</del> -				т —													
				Se	×		<u> </u>		R	ce/ethr	nic group						A	1e		
	То	tal	М	ale	Fem	nale	Wh (not Hi		Hisp	anic	Bla	ck	Oth unkno		13 a		14-		16 a	
Disposition	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per-	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total probation department	116,893	100.0	90,400	100.0	26,493	100.0	62,986	100.0	26,469	100.0	18,206	100.0	9,232	100.0	17,771	100.0	36,095		63,027	
Closed, transferred Informal probation Petition filed	59,728 15,313 41,852	51.1 13.1 35.8	43,508 12,022 34,870	48.1 13.3 38.6	16,220 3,291 6,982	61.2 12.4 26.4	32,526 9,496 20,964	51.6 15.1 33.3	12,863 3,446 10,160	48.6 13.0 38.4	8,590 1,630 7,986	47.2 9.0 43.9	5,749 741 2,742	8.0	9,956 3,385 4,430	56.0 19.0	17,906 5,712	49.6 15.8	31,866 6,216	50.6 9.9
Total juvenile court  Dismissed, transferred  Remanded to adult court  Non-ward probation  Formal probation	41,852 8,921 212 2,122 30,097	35.8 7.6 .2 1.8 25.7	34,870 7,090 192 1,709 25,427	38.6 7.8 .2 1.9 28.1	6,982 1,831 20 413 4,670	26.4 6.9 .1 1.6 17.6	20,964 4,630 69 1,448 14,652	33.3 7.4 .1 2.3 23.3	10,160 2,059 62 335 7,569	38.4 7.8 .2 1.3 28.6	7,986 1,682 57 231	43.9 9.2 .3 1.3	2,742 550 24 108	29.7 6.0 .3 1.2	4,430 874 0 221	24.9 4.9 .0 1.2	12,477 12,477 2,182 4 567	34.6 34.6 6.0 .0	24,945 24,945 5,865 208 1,334	
Committed to Youth Authority	500	.4	452	.5	48	.2	165	3	135	.5	5,840 176	32.1 1.0	2,036	.3	3,323	18.7 .1	9,643	26.7	17,131 407	27.2 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



TABLE 15
RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983
Re-Referral Offense by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age
54 Counties

STIC		Ţ <del>-</del>	-		Se	×				Ra	ce/ethn	ic grou <b>p</b>						Ag	<del></del>		
m		To	otal	Ma	ale	Fem	ale	Wh (not His		Hispa	nic	Blad	k	Othe unkno		13 a und		14-	15	16 a ove	
v YS T □ ■ Re-Referral offense		Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total		25,756	100.0	22,418	87.0	3,338	13.0	13,811	53.6	6,859	26.6	3,687	14.3	1,399	5.4	1,922	7.5	7,692	29.9	16,142	62.7
Felony-level		7,729		7,263	94.0	466	6.0	3,894	50.4	1,973	25.5	1,430	18.5	432	5.6	668	8.6	2,330	30.1	4,731	61.2
Homicide			100.0	25	89.3	3	10.7	5	17.9	11	39.3	10	35.7	2 0	7.1	0	.0 .0	7 0	25.0	21	75.0 100.0
Manslaughter-vehicula		II.	100.0	ł	100.0	0	.0	1	100.0	0	.0	-	.0	3	.0	4		21	.0 30.4	44	63.8
Forcible rape			100.0	68	98.6	1 1	1.4	27	39.1	18	26.1	21	30.4	_	4.3 6.2	45	5.8 8.7	1	30.4 27.9	329	63.4
Robbery		1	100.0	490	94.4	29	5.6	140	27.0	130	25.0	217	41.8	32		50	6.9	145	23.8	505	69.4
Assault		1	100.0	674	92.6	54	7.4	267	36.7	281	38.6	141	19.4	1	5.4 6.5		10.4	1.109	23.8 32.4	1,957	57.2
Burglary		_, _,	100.0	3,260	95.3	161	4.7	1,821	53.2	837	24.5	539	15.8	224 51		355 91	7.7	364	32.4 30.7	730	61.6
Theft			100.0	1,117	94.3	68	5.7	630	53.2	280	23,6	224	18.9	1	4.3	_		1	31.6	365	61.3
Motor vehicle theft .		1	100.0	559	93.9	36	6.0	374	62.9	109	18.3	88	14.8	24	4.0	42	7.1 2.0	188	25.5	71	72.4
Forgery, checks, credi			100.0	63	64.3	35	35.7	68	69.4	11	11.2	14	14.3	5	5.1		20.8	19	25.5 39.6	19	72. <del>4</del> 39.6
Arson			100.0	48	100.0	0	.0	31	64.6	10	20.8	2	4.2	5	10.4	10		19	39.6 24.3	51	39.6 72.9
Narcotics		1	100.0	62	88.6	8	11.4	31	44.3	22	31.4	10	14.3	9	10.0	2	2.9	55	24.3 22.9	171	71.2
Marijuana			100.0	225	93.8	15	6.2	121	50.4	58	24.2	52	21.7	9	3.8	14	5.8	33	24.8	95	71.2 71.4
Dangerous drugs			100.0	117	0.88	16	12.0	60	45.1	48	36.1	18	13.5	1 1	5.3	5	3.8	33		4	
Other drug law vlolati		-	100.0	_	100.0	0	.0	5	55.6	2	22.2	1	11.1	1	11.1	2	22.2		33.3	1	44.4
All other		585	100.0	545	93.2	40	6.8	313	53.5	156	26.7	93	15.9	23	3.9	46	7.9	171	29.2	368	62.9
Misdemeanor-level		17,356		14,710	84.8	2,646	15.2	9,538	55.0	4,705	27.1	2,173	12.5	940	5.4	1,183	6.8	5,104	29.4	11,069	63.8
Assault and battery .			100.0	1,305	85.7	217	14.3	750	49.3	430	28.3	253	16.6	89	5.8	128	8.4	455	29.9	939	61.7
Petty theft			100.0	1,713	82.6	362	17.4	1,100		439	21.2	435	21.0	101	4.9	281	13.5	758	36.5	1,036	49.9
Other theft			100.0	45	88.2	6	11.8	26	51.0	16	31.4	5	9.8	4	7.8	6	11.8	15	29.4	30	58.8
Checks and credit care	ds	_	100.0	2	66.7	1	33.3	2	66.7	0	.0	0	.0	1	33.3	0	.0	0	.0		100.0
Marijuana			100.0	441	93.4	31	6.6	282		109	23.1	58	12.3	23	4.9	22	4.7	151	32.0	299	63.3
Other drug law violati			100.0	320	87.9	44	12.1	71	19.5	262	72,0	18	4.9	13	3.6	3	.8	75	20.6	286	78.6
Wea <b>p</b> ons		1	100.0	87	94.6	5	5.4	29	31.5	44	47.8	16	17.4	3	3.3	4	4.3	32	34,8	56	60.9
Driving under the infl	uence.	1	100.0	290	95.1	15	4.9	170		108	35.4	8	2.6	19	6.2	1	.3	12	3.9	292	95.7
Drunk		1	100.0	686	90.5	72	9.5	338	44.6	346	45.6	35	4.6	39	5.1	12	1.6	181	23.9	565	74.5
Disturbing the peace.			100.0	307	86.7	47	13.3	166	46.9	116	32.8	59	16.7	13	3.7	28	7.9	109	30.8	217	61.3
Glue sniffing		L	100.0	129	85.4	22	14.6	29	19.2	96	63.6	5	3.3	21	13.9	15	9.9	57	37.7	79	52.3
Malicious mischlef		_	100.0	52	96.3	2	3.7	35	64.8	10	18.5	8	14.8	1	1.9	5	9.3	22	40.7	27	50.0
Vandalism			100.0	491	94.1	31	5.9	307	58.8	146	28.0	50	9.6	19	3.6	65	12.5	158	30.3	299	57.3
Liquor law violations			100.0	548	89.5	64	10.5	402		156	25.5	17	2.8	37	6.0	11	1.8	94	15.4	507	82.8
Joy riding			100.0	100	80.6	24	19.4	89	71.8	17	13.7	12	9.7	6	4.8	12	9.7	46	37.1	66	53.2
All other	• • • •	9,897	100.0	8,194	82.8	1,703	17.2	5,742	58.0	2,410	24.4	1,194	12.1	551	5.6	590	6.0	2,939	29.7	6,368	64.3
Status offenses		671	100.0	445	66.3	226	33.7	379	56.5	181	27.0	84	12.5	27	4.0	71	10.6	258	38.4	342	
Runaway		183	100.0	78	42.6	105	57.4	121	66.1	35	19.1	19	10.4	8	4.4	24	13.1	93	50.8	66	36.1
Truancy		115	100.0	96	83.5	19	16.5	61	53.0	32	27.8	14	12.2	8	7.0	8	7.0	49	42.6	58	50.4
Curfew	<b>.</b> .	161	100.0	141	87.6	20	12.4	68	42.2	70	43.5	15	9.3	8	5.0	4	2.5	34	21.1	123	76.4
Incorrigible		159	100.0	100	62.9	59	37.1	110		31	19.5	16	10.1	2	1.3	24	15.1	60	37.7	75	47.2
All other		53	100.0	30	56.6	23	43.4	19	35.8	13	24.5	20	37.7	1	1.9	11	20.8	22	41.5	20	37.7
•				1				•		1		1		<u> </u>				r			

1 2 Nate: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



### TABLE 16A RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983 Disposition by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age 54 Counties

	ł			Se	×				R	ace/ethn	ic group						Ag	 1e		
	То	otal	М	ale	Ferr	nale	Wh (not Hi		Hisp	anic	Bla	ck	Otne unkno		13 a		14-		16 a	
Disposition	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total probation department	25,756	100.0	22,418	100.0	3,338	100.0	13,811	100.0	6,859	100.0	3,687	100.0	1,399	0.001	1.922	100.0	7,692		16,142	
Closed, transferred	6,050 238 19,468	23.5 .9 75.6	5,407 203 16,808	24.1 .9 75.0	643 35 2,660	19.3 1.0 79.7	3,191 150 10,470	23.1 1.1 75.8	1,754 53 5,052	25.6 .8 73.7	868 28 2,791	23.5 .8 75.7	237 7	16.9 .5 82.6	487 50 1.385	25.3 2.6 72.1	1,864 99 5,729	24.2 1.3 74.5	3,699 89 12,354	
Total juvenile court  Dismissed, transferred  Remanded to adult court  Non-ward probationa  Formal probation  Committed to Youth	19,468 2,804 84 225 15,300	75.6 10.9 .3 .9 59.4	16,808 2,350 83 178 13,200	75.0 10.5 .4 .8 58.9	2,660 454 1 47 2,100	79.7 13.6 .0 1.4 62.9	10,470 1,466 29 159 8,354	75.8 10.6 .2 1.2 60.5	5,052 775 31 37 3,920	73.7 11.3 .5 .5 57.2	2,791 455 21 20 2,057	75.7 12.3 .6 .5 55.8	108 3 9	82.6 7.7 .2 .6 69.3	1,385 166 0 22 1,184	72.1 8.6 .0 1.1 61.6	5,729 688 1 53 4,797	74.5 8.9 .0 .7 62.4	12,354 1,950 83 150 9,319	76.5 12.1 .5 .9
Authority	1,055	4.1	997	4.4	58	1.7	462	3.3	289	4.2	238	6.5	66	4.7	13	.7	190	2.5	852	5.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

### TABLE 16B NEW REFERRALS AND RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983 Disposition by Referral Status 54 Counties

1				Referra	al status	
	То	tal	New re	eferrals	Re-R	leferrals
Disposition	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total probation department	103,117	100.0	77,361	100.0	25,756	100.0
Closed, transferred Informal probation Petition filed	48,102 10 965 4 `50	46.6 10.6 42.7	42,052 10,727 24,582	54.4 13.9 31.8	6,050 238 19,468	23.5 .9 75.6
otal juvenile court  Dismissed, transferred  Remanded to adult court  Non-ward probationa  Formal probation  Committed to Youth	44,50 8,795 226 2,190 31,591	42.7 8.5 .2 2.1 30.6	24,582 5,991 142 1,965 16,291	31.8 7.7 .2 2.5 21.1	19,468 2,804 84 225 15,300	75.6 10.9 .3 .9 59.4
Authority	1,248	1.2	193	.2	1,055	4.1

a includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



## TABLE 17 RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT AND JUVENILE COURT, 1983 Disposition by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age 54 Counties

			_	Se	x				Ra	ce/ethni	c group				_		Ag	e		
	То	tal	Ma	ile	Fem	ale	Whi (not His		Hispa	nic	Blac	ck	Othe unkno		13 a u <b>n</b> d		14	15	16 a ove	
Disposition	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total probation department	25,756	100.0	22,418	87.0	3,338	13.0	13,811	53.6	6,859	26.6	3,687	14.3	1,399	5.4	1,922	7.5	7,692	29.9	16,142	62.7
Closed, transferred Informal probation Petition filed	6,050 238 19,468	100.0	5,407 203 16,808	89.4 85.3 86.3	643 35 2,660	10.6 14.7 13.7	3,191 150 10,470	52.7 63.0 53.8	1,754 53 5,052	29.0 22.3 26.0	868 28 2,791	14.3 11.8 14.3	237 7 1,155	3.9 2.9 5.9	487 50 1,385	8.0 21.0 7.1	1,864 99 5,729	30.8 41.6 29.4	3,699 89 12,354	37.4
Total juvenile court  Dismissed, transferred  Remanded to adult court  Non-ward probation <sup>a</sup> Formal Probation		100.0 100.0 100.0	16,808 2,350 83 178 13,200	86.3 83.8 98.8 79.1 86.3	2,660 454 1 47 2,100	13.7 16.2 1.2 20.9 13.7	10,470 1,466 29 159 8,354	53.8 52.3 34.5 70.7 54.6	5,052 775 31 37 3,920	26.0 27.6 36.9 16.4 25.6	2,791 455 21 20 2,057	14.3 16.2 25.0 8.9 13.4	1,155 108 3 9	5.9 3.9 3.6 4.0 6.3	1,385 166 0 22 1,184	7.1 5.9 .0 9.8 7.7	5,729 688 1 53 4,797	29.4 24.5 1.2 23.6 31.4	12,354 1,950 83 150 9,319	69.5 98.8 66.7
Committed to Youth Authority	•	100.0	997	94.5	58	5.5	462	43.8	289	27.4	238	22.6	66	6.3	13	1.2	190	18.0	852	80.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Includes both 654 and 725a of the Welfare and Institutions Code. Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



TABLE 18 RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENT, 1983
Re-Referral Offense by Probation Department and Juvenile Court Disposition 54 Counties

	То	otal	Clos transf		Information Inform	tion	Dismi transfe juvenile	red in	Reman adult d		Non-v proba 725a	ition	For prob		Commi Youth A	itted to
Re-Referral offense	Number		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percer
Total	25,756	100.0	6,050	23.5	238	.9	2,804	10.9	84	.3	225	.9	15,300	59.4	1,055	4.1
Felony-level	7,729	100.0	1,261	16.3	57	.7	775	10.0	76	1.0	55	.7	4,833	62.5	672	8.7
Homicide	28	100.0	4	14.3	0	.0	3	10.7	8	28.6	0	.0	4,000	14.3	9	
Manslaughter-vehicular	1	100.0	0	.0	0	.0	lo	.0	Ō	.0	ő	.0	1	100.0	0	32.1 .0
Forcible rape	69	100.0	9	13.0	0	.0	9	13.0	8	11.6	ō	.0	32	46.4	11	.u 15.9
Robbery	519	100.0	51	9.8	1	.2	73	14.1	22	4.2	4	.8.	280	53.9	88	17.0
Assault	728	100.0	123	16.9	3	.4	94	12.9	15	2.1	4	.5	411	56.5	78	10.7
Burglary	3,421	100.0	435	12.7	28	.8	272	8.0	15	.4	27	.8	2.363	69.1	281	8.2
Theft	1,185	100.0	284	24.0	15	1.3	109	9.2	Ō	.0	9	.8	701	59.2	67	5.7
Motor vehicle theft	595	100.0	94	15.8	2	.3	60	10.1	0	.0	4	.7	377	63.4	58	9.7
Forgery, checks, credit cards	98	100.0	11	11.2	1	1.0	8	8.2	0	.0	1	1.0	73	74.5	4	9.7 4.1
Arson	48	100.0	15	31.2	3	6.2	3	6.2	0	.0	Ó	.0	22	45.8	5	10.4
Narcotics	70	100.0	22	31.4	0	.0	6	8.6	1	1,4	ō	.0	37	52.9	4	5.7
Marijuana	240	100.0	59	24.6	0	.0	26	10.8	1	.4	1	.4	144	60.0	9	3.8
Dangerous drugs	133	100.0	45	33.8	0	.0	12	9.0	0	.0	1	.8	66	49.6	9	
Other drug law violations	9	100.0	2	22.2	1	11.1	0	.0	Ō	.0	Ö	.0	6	66.7	0	6.8
All other	585	100.0	107	18.3	3	.5	100	17.1	6	1.0	4	.7	316	54.0	49	.0 8.4
Misdemeanor-level	17,356	100.0	4,311	24.8	173	1.0	1.999	11.5	8	.0	169	1.0				
Assault and battery	1,522	100.0	428	28.1	23	1.5	145	9.5	1	.1	9	1	10,313	59.4	383	2.2
Petty theft	2,075	100.0	539	26.0	58	2,8	157	7.6	3	.1	31	.6	837	55.0	79	5.2
Other theft	51	100.0	18	35.3	1	2.0	3	5.9	Ô	.0	0	1.5	1,254	60.4	33	1.6
Checks and credit cards	3	100.0	1	33.3	Ó	.0	Ö	.0	Ô	.0	0	.0   0.	29 2	56.9	0	.0
Marijuana	472	100.0	249	52.8	19	4.0	34	7.2	Ö	.0	5			66.7	0	.0
Other drug law violations	364	100.0	105	28.8	0	.0	23	6.3	Ö	.0	0	1.1	163 195	34.5	2	.4
Weapons	92	100.0	27	29.3	1	1.1	15	16.3	Õ	.0	0	.0	49	53.6	41	11.3
Driving under the influence	305	100.0	33	10.8	1	.3	15	4.9	1	.3	8		-	53.3	0	.0
Drunk	758	100.0	366	48.3	8	1.1	46	6.1	i	.1	4	2.6	237	77.7	10	3.3
Disturbing the peace	354	100.0	219	61.9	9	2.5	31	8.8	ò	.0	4	.5 1.1	329 89	43.4	4	.5
G'ue sniffing	151	100.0	46	30.5	2	1.3	8	5.3	0	.0	2			25.1	2	.6
Maircious mischief	54	100.0	22	40.7	0	.0	6	11.1	Ö	.0	1	1.3 1.9	91	60.3	2	1.3
Vandalism	522	100.0	232	44.4	15	2.9	65	12.5	2	.4	4	.8	24	44.4	1	1.9
Liquor law violations	612	100.0	358	58.5	14	2,3	41	6.7	ō	.0	9	1.5	196	37.5	8	1.5
Joy riding	124	100.0	38	30.6	5	4.0	2	1.6	Ö	.0	4	3.2	189 73	30.9	1	.2
All other	9,897	100.0	1,630	16.5	17	.2	1,408	14.2	ŏ	.0	88	.9	6,556	58.9 66.2	2 198	1.6 2.0
tatus offenses	671	100.0	478	71.2	8	1.2	30	4.5	0	.0	1	1	•			
Runaway	183	100.0	133	72.7	2	1.1	8	4.4	0	.0	1	.1	154	23.0	0	.0
Truancy	115	100.0	70	60.9	ō	.0	7	6.1	0	.0	0	.5	39	21.3	0	.0
Curfew	161	100.0	154	95.7	1	.6	2	1.2	Ö	.0	0	.0	38	33.0	0	.0
Incorrigible	159	100.0	111	69.8	5	3.1	8	5.0	0	.0	0	.0	4	2.5	0	.0
All other	53	100.0	10	18.9	Ö	.0	5	9.4	0	.0	0	.0	35 38	22.0 71.7	0 0	.0
Note: Percents may not add to 100.	0 because o	of rounding		<u></u>												.0
		_														
														31		



TABLE 19
COMMITMENTS TO CALIFORNIA YOUTH AUTHORITY FROM JUVENILE COURT, 1980--1983
Sex of Juvenile by Race/Ethnic Group and Age

				-	· -	Race/eth	nic group						Ag	je		
	Tot	al	Wh (not His	nite spanic)	Span speak surna	king	Blac	:k	Othe unkno		13 a unc		14	15		and over
Year and sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1980 Total	2,189	100.0	727	33.2	641	29.3	771	35.2	50	2.3	22	1,0	489	22.3	1,678	76.7
Male	2,088	100.0	684	32.8	613	29.4	744	35.6	47	2.2	18	.9	459	22.0	1,611	77.2
Female	101	100.0	43	42.6	28	27.7	27	26.7	3	3.0	4	4.0	30	29.7	67	66.3
1981 Total Male Female	2,170 2,055 115	100.0 100.0 100.0	672 634 38	31.0 30.9 33.0	593 566 27	27.3 27.5 23.5	838 793 45	38.6 38.6 39.1	67 62 5	3.1 3.0 4.3	25 21 4	1.2 1.0 3.5	514 495 19	23.7 24.1 16.5	1,631 1,539 92	75.2 74.9 80.0
1982 Total Male Female	2,231 2,109 122	100.0 100.0 100.0	707 653 54	31.7 31.0 44.3	613 590 23	27.5 28.0 18.9	860 818 42	38.5 38.8 34.4	51 48 3	2.3 2.3 2.5	25 18 7	1.1 .9 5.7	476 438 38	21.3 20.8 31.1	1,730 1,653 77	77.5 78.4 63.1
1983 Total Male Female	2,231 2,102 129	100.0 100.0 100.0	651 601 50	29.2 28.6 38.8	683 652 31	30.6 31.0 24.0	834 792 42	37.4 37.7 32.6	63 57 6	2.8 2.7 4.7	39 36 3	1.7 1.7 2.3	407 381 26	18.2 18.1 20.2	1,785 1,685 100	80.0 80.2 77.5

Notes: Commitments do not include probation/parole violations.

Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

TABLE 20
JUVENILE POPULATION IN COUNTY DETENTION FACILITIES, 1980–1983
Type of Facility by Sex

		980	19	981	1	982		1983
Type of facility by sex	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL Nonsecure	6,818	100.0	7,092	100.0	7,508	100.0	7,542	100.0
	2,349	34.5	2,275	32.1	2,252	30.0	2,605	34.5
	4,469	65.5	4,817	67.9	5,256	70.0	4,937	65.5
Male	6,002	88.0	6,283	88.6	6,759	90.0	6,672	88.5
	816	12.0	809	11.4	749	10.0	870	11.5
Nonsecure	2,349	100.0	2,275	100.0	2,252	100.0	2,605	100.0
	2,194	93.4	2,164	95.1	2,169	96.3	2,501	9 <del>6</del> .0
	155	6.6	111	4.9	83	3.7	104	4.0
Secure	4,469	100.0	4,817	100.0	5,256	100.0	4,937	100.0
	3,808	85.2	4,119	85.5	4,590	87.3	4,171	84.5
	661	14.8	698	14.5	666	12.7	766	15.5 <b>1</b> 3

Note: One day count taken on the fourth Thursday in September.



#### TABLE 21 STATUS OF ACTIVE JUVENILE CASES ON DECEMBER 31, 1983 By Type of Supervision, Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age Statewide

				Se	×				R	ce/ethr	ic group	,					Ag	e		
	Тс	tal	Ma	ale	Fem	ale	Wh (not His		Hispa	anic	Blad	 :k	Othe unkno		13 a und		14	15	16 a	
Type of probation	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	67,236	100.0	56,995	84.8	10,241	15.2	31,676	47.1	17,454	26.0	14,476	21.5	3,630	5.4	7,614	11.3	22,432		37,190	
Informal	1,132 59,105		5,607 910 50,478	80.1 80.4 85.4	1,392 222 8,627	19.9 19.6 14.6	4,179 750 26,747	59.7 66.3 45.3	1,611 198 15,645	23.0 17.5 26.5	888 133 13,455	12.7 11.7 22.8	321 51 3,258	4.6 4.5 5.5	1,515 90 6,009	21.6 8.0 10.2	2,496 262 19,674	35.7 23.1 33.3	2,988 780 33,422	68.9

#### TABLE 22 STATUS OF ACTIVE JUVENILE CASES ON DECEMBER 31, 1983 By Type of Supervision, Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age 54 Counties

				Se	×				Ra	ce/ethr	ic group						Ag	e	·	
	To	otal	Ma	ıle	Fem	ale	Wh (not Hi		Hisp	anic	Blad	:k	Othe unkno		13 a und		14-	15	16 e	
Type of probation	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	33,378	100.0	27,704	83.0	5,674	17.0	19,836	59.4	7,360	22.0	3,957	11.9	2,225	6.7	4,428	13.3	11,524	34.5	17.426	52.2
Informal	979	100.0 100.0 100.0	3,473 791 23,440	77.9 80.8 83.9	988 188 4,498	22.1 19.2 16.1	3,057 693 16,086	68.5 70.8 57.6	858 153 6,349	19.2 15.6 22.7	360 93 3,504	8.1 9.5 12.5	186 40 1,999	4.2 4.1 7.2	1,067 80 3,281	23.9 8.2 11.7	1,633 231 9,660	36.6 23.6 34.6	1,761 668 14,997	39.5

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

# TABLE 23 STATUS OF ACTIVE JUVENILE CASES ON DECEMBER 31, 1983 By Type of Supervision, Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, and Age 4 Counties\*

				Se	ex				R	ace/ethr	nic group						Ag	je		
	To	tal	Ma	ıle	Fem	ale	Wh (not Hi		Hisp	anic	Blad	ck	Othe unkno		13 a und		14-	 ·15	16 a	
Type of probation	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent	Num- ber	Per- cent
Total	33,858	i	29,291	86.5	4,567	13.5	11,840	35.0	10,094	29.8	10,519	31.1	1,405	4.2	3,186	9.4	10,908	32.2	19,764	58.4
Informal	2,538 153 31,167	100.0	2,134 119 27,038	84.1 77.8 86.8	404 34 4,129	15.9 22.2 13.2	1,122 57 10,661	44.2 37.3 34.2	753 45 9,296	29.7 29.4 29.8	528 40 9,951	20.8 26.1 31.9	135 11 1,259	5.3 7.2 4.0	448 10 2,728	17.7 6.5 8.8	863 31 10,014	34.0 20.3 32.1	1,227 112 18.425	48.3 73.2 59.1

Note: Percents may not add to 100.0 because of rounding.



TABLE 24

JUVENILE ARRESTS, AND NEW REFERRALS AND RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENTS, 1983

By County

ō			<u> </u>	-			•								
M Arrests, new referrals and re-referrals	Alameda	Alpine	Amador	Butte	Calaveras	Colusa	Contra Costa	Del Norte	EI Dorado	Fresno	Glenn	Humboldt	Imperial	Inyo	Kern
Total arrests	13,746	2	49	642	117	65	6,537	106	698	7,267	152	1,082	832	143	6,779
★ Handled within department	4,304	0	9	47	18	1	2,452	8	286	2,069	16	197	80	24	2,076
Turned over to other agency	51	0	1	2	7	6	40	1	1	26	1	6	22	1	19
Referred to probation department,	9,391	2	39	593	92	58	4,045	97	411	5,172	135	879	730	118	4,684
New referrals															
Probation department disposition	6,488	5	135	867	60	94	4,470	164	633	4,753	166	564	764	166	2,650
Closed/transferred	3,997	1	65	489	0	66	1,904	113	401	1,588	38	372	509	40	1,205
Informal probation	304	0	44	25	23	4	764	23	116	1,878	67	79	114	77	20
Petition filed	2,187	4	26	353	37	24	1,802	28	116	1,287	61	1113	141	49	1,425
Juvenile court disposition	2,187	4	26	353	37	24	1,802	28	116	1,287	61	113	141	49	1,425
Dismissed/transferred	481	1	7	53	8	10	610	12	47	361	11	41	41	7	236
Remanded to adult court	15	0	0	5	0	1	7	0	0	12	0	0	5	1	2
Non-ward probation	1	0	7	81	5	1	397	3	7	3	7	7	13	3	11
Formal probation	1,666	3	10	208	24	12	779	13	59	904	42	63	81	38	1.162
Committed to Youth Authority	24	0	2	6	0	0	9	0	3	7	1	2	1	0	14
Re-Referrals															
Probation department disposition	1,483 <sup>a</sup>	0	18	147	9	10	1,727	26	113	1.623	20	259	309	46	1,594
Closed/transferred	0	0	0	0	0	4	547	5	4	592	5	92	186	9	446
Informal probation	0	0	4	0	1	1	18	0	3	56	4	1	6	1	0
Petition filed	1,483	0	14	147	8	5	1,162	21	106	975	11	166	117	36	1,148
Juvenile court disposition	1,483	0	14	147	8	5	1,162	21	106	975	11	166	117	36	1,148
Dismissed/transferred	59	0	2	9	0	1	211	4	13	198	0	36	19	5	212
Remanded to adult court	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	13	0	0	3	0	4
Non-ward probation	0	0	1	3	0	0	82	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0
Formal probation	1,302	0	10	122	8	4	819	15	91	715	11	124	82	25	786
Committed to Youth Authority	119	0	1	13	0	0	48	1	2	49	0	6	12	3	146





Arrests, new referrals and re-referrals	Kings	Lake	Lassen	Los Angeles	Madera	Marin	Mariposa	Mendo- cino	Merced	Modoc	Mono	Monterey	Napa	Nevada	Orange
Total arrests	1,522	245	162	59,288	402	1,931	61	658	2,697	48	42	<del></del>			
Handled within department	53	11	7	22,179	21	779	21	86	729	7		2,511	673	407	17,710
Turned over to other agency	14	17	0	1,359	3	3	0	0	28	4	17	177	24	40	8,854
Referred to probation department	1,455	217	155	35,750	378	1,149	40	572	1,940	37	2 23	1 2,333	0 649	7 360	129 8,727
New referrals												_,	0.0	000	0,727
Probation department disposition	748	273	159	20,276	955	con	70								
Closed/transferred	369	157	69	7.283		699	70	608	1,560	79	21	1,967	275	346	7,966
Informal probation	146	47		•	660	321	34	239	1,028	45	13	1,050	81	177	3,396
Petition filed	233	<del>4</del> 7 69	50	2,245	13	60	11	102	260	11	0	151	45	73	1,384
	233	อย	40	10,748	282	318	25	267	272	23	8	766	149	96	3,186
Juvenile court disposition	233	69	40	10,748	282	318	25	267	272	23	8	766	440		•
Dismissed/transferred	34	14	15	1.688	49	88	8	85	68	7	3		149	96	3,186
Remanded to Hult court	5	0	0	7	1	0	0	4	3	0	_	174	27	18	675
Non-ward probation	63	0	0	85	o O	36	5	4	31	_	0	1	0	0	18
Formal probation	130	55	24	8,711	222	194	12	•		2	2	13	21	4	48
Committed to Youth Authority	1	0	1	257	10	194		165	167	14	1	574	100	73	2,435
	•	Ū	•	257	10	U	0	9	3	0	2	4	1	1	10
Re-Referrals															
Probation department disposition	226	37	31	4,558 <sup>a</sup>	228	163	12	123	504	40	_				
Closed/transferred	81	3	2	0	31	80	4		584	10	0	680	96	64	3,701
Informal probation	5	2	0	0	0	0	•	9	173	7	0	47	3	9	686
Petition filed	140	32	29	4,558	197	_	0	1	9	0	0	2	1	1	23
			_	4,000	197	83	8	113	402	3	0	631	92	54	2,992
Juvenile court disposition	140	32	29	4,558	197	83	8	113	402	3	0	631	92	54	0.000
Dismissed/transferred	14	2	2	89	28	0	1	17	73	1	0	134	92		2,992
Remanded to adult court	1	0	0	100	0	2	0	1	3	'n	0		v	3	341
Non-ward probation	3	0	1	3	0	0	0	· i	4	0	_	0	0	0	8
Formal probation	103	28	25	3,619	158	80	7	87	309	1	0	0	1	0	1
Committed to Youth Authority	19	2	1	747	11	1	ó	7		1	0	465	81	49	2,626
ι		_	•		• • •	'	U	,	13	1	0	32	1	2	16

TABLE 24 — Continued

JUVENILE ARRESTS, AND NEW REFERRALS AND RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENTS, 1983

By County

Arrests, new referrals and re-referrals	Placer	Plumas	Riverside	Sacra- mento	San Benito	San Bernardino	San Diego	San Francisco	San Joaquin	San Luis Obispo	San Mateo	Santa Barbara	Santa Clara	Santa Cruz
Total arrests	1,049	112	6,198	6,140	368	11,961	15,702	4,949	5,125	874	4,257	3,292	10,256	1,776
Handled within department	45	0	2,068	1,538	26	5,695	8,523	160	1,652	209	2,011	808	1,327	286
Turned over to other agency	5	2	72	9	0	44	389	5	12	4	19	110	33	2
Referred to probation department	999	110	4,058	4,593	342	6,222	6,790	4,784	3,461	661	2,227	2,374	8,896	1,488
New referrals														
Probation department disposition	1,337	124	4,653	4,786	305	7,333	7,839	4,974	3,059	439	1,974	2,204	4,929	1,765
Closed/transferred	805	65	2,532	2,618	177	4,721	4,151	3,679	1,899	120	933	1,243	2,245	1,216
Informal probation	232	21	706	474	72	1,198	1,117	162	279	125	29	337	920	112
Petition filed	300	38	1,415	1,6 <b>94</b>	56	1,414	2,571	1,133	881	194	1,012	624	1,764	437
Juvenile court disposition	300	38	1,415	1,6 <b>94</b>	56	1,414	2,571	1,133	881	194	1,012	624	1,764	437
Dismissed/transferred	130	8	322	345	17	399	463	303	228	36	210	148	298	147
Remanded to adult court	1	0	8	10	0	3	45	3	2	1	4	9	3	2
Non-ward probation	6	13	104	191	4	4	52	41	30	56	1	99	19	159
Formal probation	161	17	969	1,141	35	1,001	1,995	775	612	99	789	367	1,434	127
Committed to Youth Authority	2	0	12	7	0	7	16	11	9	2	8	1	10	2
Re-Referrals														
Probation department disposition	274	16	1,804	1,740	70	1,873	1,544ª	1,214	1,257	53	518	811	1,589ª	322
Closed/transferred	61	3	395	306	31	649	0	355	135	0	107	240	0	84
Informal probation	3	2	6	2	1	15	0	20	0	2	0	9	0	2
Petition filed	210	11	1,403	1,432	38	1,209	1,544	839	1,122	51	411	562	1,589	236
Juvenile court disposition	210	11	1,403	1,432	38	1,209	1,544	839	1,122	51	411	562	1,589	236
Dismissed/transferred	54	1	152	57	9	83	21	137	397	2	32	86	82	32
Remanded to adult court	1	0	7	9	0	0	28	0	0	0	2	9	2	3
Non-ward probation	0	1	5	10	0	0	0	7	0	4	1	6	8	1,1
Formal probation	150	9	1,146	1,258	24	1,088	1,434	592	685	43	324	434	1,347	184
Committed to Youth Authority	5	0	93	98	5	38	61	103	40	2	52	27	150	6





TABLE 24 — Continued

JUVENILE ARRESTS, AND NEW REFERRALS AND RE-REFERRALS TO PROBATION DEPARTMENTS, 1983

By County

Arrests, new referrals and re-referrals	Shasta ——	Sierra	Siskiyou	Solano	Sonoma	Stanislaus	Sutter	Tehama	Trinity	Tulare	Tuolumne	Ventura	Yolo	Yuba
Total arrests	1,564	33	322	2,595	3,131	4,239	287	277	78	2,241	271	4,285	707	
Handled within department	697	0	38	1,183	897	1,034	50	66	28	515	116	•	797	559
Turned over to other agency	24	4	2	14	22	8	4	5	0	7		1,891	93	128
Referred to probation department	843	29	282	1,398	2,212	3,197	233	206	50	1,719	11 144	10 2,384	9 695	43
New referrals												·		
robation department disposition	807	11	219	1,520	2,017	2,517	323	280	~~	4 000				
Closed/transferred	397	0	59	843	1,412	1,328	187	108	62 20	1,032	317	2,786	672	62
Informal probation	70	10	149	75	142	444	47		29	280	194	1,980	417	38
Petition filed	340	1	11	602	463	745	89	99 73	18	6	47	56	127	10
uvenile court disposition	040	•				745	09	/3	15	746	76	750	128	14
Dismissed/transferred	340	1	11	602	463	745	89	73	15	746	76	750	128	149
Dismissed/transferred	79	0	4	140	1.21	187	14	19	5	240	24	89	12	5
Remanded to adult court	4	0	0	13	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	5	1	
Non-ward probation	19	0	2	30	186	113	12	2	0	36	16	12	34	2.
Formal probation	236	1	3	414	155	433	55	51	10	463	36	634	78	65
Committed to Youth Authority	2	0	2	5	1	12	5	1	0	4	0	10	3	(
e-Referrals														
robation department disposition	334	0	31	614	549	780	57	52	9	614	20	747		
Closed/transferred	87	0	12	34	170	161	21	4	2	72	20	717	62	109
Informal probation	0	0	8	4	0	4	3	8	0	0	8	27	20	41
Petition filed	247	0	11	576	379 ·	615	33	40	7	542	11	0 690	0 42	59 59
venile court disposition	247	0	11	576	379	615	33	40	7		-			
Dismissed/transferred	58	0	1	42	83	98	3	40	0	542	11	690	42	59
Remanded to adult court	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	1	_	95	1	23	4	13
Non-ward probation	3	Ō	ō	2	62	8	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	1
Formal probation	170	0	7	503	222	468	_	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Committed to Youth Authority	16	0	3	26	10	468 39	22 8	31 2	7 0	411 32	8 2	618 45	31	34

alnciudes only those re-referrals where a petition was filed.